Appendix A: Western Arkansas Regional Plan

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, hereafter referred to as WIOA, requires regional planning— a broad strategic approach to planning focused on the overarching vision, goals, alignment and shared responsibilities within the region. Arkansas intends to implement a two-tiered regional approach to meeting this requirement by allowing a two-year transitional plan. This approach provides latitude for regions that may not yet be able to address all the outlined elements required in a four-year regional plan.

1.1. Provide the following:
   A. A reference name for the planning region;
      Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area (WAWDA)

   B. Identification of the local workforce development areas that comprise the planning region;
      Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area (WAWDA)

   C. Identification of the counties each local workforce development area serves;
      Crawford, Franklin, Logan, Polk, Scott, Sebastian

   D. Identification of the key planning region committee members charged with drafting the regional plan;
      Miles Crawford – GoYe Inc., Business Owner; Martha Holt – Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency, Executive Director Title 1-B services; Tia Pinkston – Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency, Operations Manager Title 1-B services; Tracy Chapple – (former) WIOA Administrator, Western Arkansas Planning & Development District; Dennis Williamson – WIOA Administrator, Western Arkansas Planning & Development District; Jay White – Pepper Source, Vice President Plant Operations; Rachel Mize – Plant Manager, Stark Manufacturing LLC.; Debbie Faubus-Kendrick – Crawford County Adult Education Center, Director; Dana Byrum – Arkansas Rehabilitation Services, District Manager; Cathy Nesbit – Harry Robinson Buick, Director of Business Outreach

   E. Indication of the local workforce development area each committee member is associated with;
      Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area (WAWDA)

   F. A list of key planning region committee meeting dates. [WIOA Sec. 106(a) and (c)];

1.2. Provide a labor market and economic analysis of the workforce development-planning region. This regional analysis must include:
   A. The economic conditions;
      The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area is home to the two highest mountain peaks in Arkansas; Mount Magazine near Paris and Rich Mountain at the Queen Wilhelmina State Park near Mena. The Cossatot River, an American Indian word for “skull crusher,” provides some of the most challenging whitewater rafting in the state. Settled by
Swiss and German immigrants in the 1880s, Altus has become the wine capital of Arkansas, producing several award-winning wines from grapes grown in the Boston Mountains. Area visitors can also see an eight-foot tall statue of Popeye in Alma, the self-proclaimed “spinach capital of the world.” The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area consists of six counties: Crawford, Franklin, Logan, Polk, Scott, and Sebastian, and is bordered to the west by the state of Oklahoma. The Arkansas portion of the Fort Smith Metropolitan Statistical Area is in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area. The Area is home to the University of Arkansas at Fort Smith, a four-year public university located in Sebastian County. Offering associate degrees and certificates, Rich Mountain Community College in Mena and Arkansas Tech-Ozark are two-year colleges located in this Area. Each of these institutions provides residents with a range of educational options. Western Arkansas is expected to experience a net growth of employment with 9,466 jobs forecasted during the projection period. Goods-Producing industries are projected to have a net gain of 1,195 jobs, while the Services-Providing industries are estimated to add 9,219. The Area is predicted to lose 948 jobs for Self-Employed and Unpaid Family Workers. The Education and Health Services super sector is expected to add the highest number of jobs with 3,575 anticipated, while Leisure and Hospitality is estimated to see the fastest growth at 18.27 percent. Food Services and Drinking Places are predicted to see the most growth gaining 1,488 jobs during the projection period. Wood Product Manufacturing is projected to be the fastest growing industry with a 37.69 percent increase. Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing is anticipated to be the top declining industry with a loss of 239 jobs, while Nontraditional Retailers is expected to lose 18.64 percent of its workforce. The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area is projected to see an 8.10 percent growth of its workforce between 2012 and 2022. Around 3,734 annual job openings are expected to be available during the projection period with 2,675 for replacement and 1,059 for growth and expansion. The Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations major group is predicted to add the most jobs with 1,642 anticipated, but Personal Care and Service Occupations is expected to see a percent growth of 21.96 percent over the projection period. Personal Care Aides is estimated to be the top and fastest growing occupation with a growth of 554 or an increase of 48.47 percent. Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Managers are expected to be the top declining occupation with a loss of 491 jobs, while Data Entry Keyers could lose 27.87 percent of its workforce. Retail Salespersons is projected to have the most job openings with 146 annually.

B. Labor force employment and unemployment data;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2015 LWDA Average Labor Force</th>
<th>2015 LWDA Average Unemployment - County</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Labor Force = 113,744</td>
<td>Scott County 5.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment = 107,778</td>
<td>Sebastian County 5.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment = 5966</td>
<td>Franklin County 5.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment Rate = 5.2%</td>
<td>Crawford County 5.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Logan County 5.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Polk County 6.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data sourced from [http://www.statsamerica.org/innovation/anydata/custom.asp](http://www.statsamerica.org/innovation/anydata/custom.asp)
Western Arkansas Regional & Local Plans PY 2016-19

Western LWDA
Unemployment Rates

2006 – 2015
(Annual Average)

Source: http://www.statsamerica.org/innovation/anydata/custom.asp

C. Information on labor market trends;

Jobs by Industry 2012

Sourced from Arkansas Research Center http://arkansasresearchcenter.org/arc/index.php

Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area Projected Employment Growth (2012-2022) All sectors = +8.1%

Top Ten Projected Growth Industries (2012-2022)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Net Growth</th>
<th>% Growth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food Services</td>
<td>1488</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Services</td>
<td>988</td>
<td>11.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Assistance</td>
<td>925</td>
<td>35.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitals</td>
<td>790</td>
<td>18.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambulatory Health Care Services</td>
<td>778</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative &amp; Support Services</td>
<td>485</td>
<td>9.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck Transportation</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional, Scientific, &amp; Technical Services</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>23.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Trade Contractors</td>
<td>377</td>
<td>16.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Government, Excluding Education &amp; Hospitals</td>
<td>371</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Top 3 Private Industries (by Employment) in 2015

1) Food Manufacturing
   Employs 8868 workers
   37 individual establishments
   Represents 9.8% of private employment
   Projected growth (2012-2022) = +2.6%

2) Food Services
   Employs 7736 workers
   417 individual establishments
   Represents 8.6% of private employment
   Projected growth (2012-2022) = +20.3%

3) Administrative & Support Services
   Employs 5790 workers
   260 individual establishments
   Represents 6.4% of private employment
   Projected growth (2012-2022) = +9.2%

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), Labor Market Information
Long-Term Employment Projections, Labor Market Information
North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), Industry Title of the 3-digit level

Top 3 Occupations by Employment in Largest Industries in Western LWDA (2015)

1) Food Manufacturing
   Meat, Poultry, and Fish Cutters and Trimmers
   Helpers- Production Workers
   Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders
   Food Batchmakers
   Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers

2) Food Services
   Combined Food Preparation & Serving Workers, Including Fast Food
   Waiters and Waitresses
   Cooks, Fast Food
   Cooks, Restaurants
   First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation & Serving Workers

3) Administrative & Support Services
   Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand
   Security Guards
   Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
   Non-Disclosed Occupation
   Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks

Source: Employment and Wage Survey data, Labor Market Information
### Top Ten Projected Growth Occupations (2012-2022)

**Ranked by Net Growth**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Net Growth</th>
<th>Growth %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal Care Aides</td>
<td>554</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined Food Prep &amp; Serving</td>
<td>493</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Nurses</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiters &amp; Waitresses</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Salespersons</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Health Care Aides</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>30.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretaries &amp; Administrative Assistants</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Line Supervisors of Food Prep &amp; Serving</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborers &amp; Freight, Stock, and Material Movers</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooks, Restaurant</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Occupational Statistics & Employment Projections, Labor Market Information

---

**D. Workforce development activities;**

Western Arkansas’s workforce development activities are coordinated through the following agencies at the local level: Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency, Inc. (WAEDA), the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services (ADWS), the Arkansas Department of Career Education (ADCE), the Department of Human Services (DHS), Division of County Operations (DCO) and Division of Services for the Blind (DSB). These agencies are responsible for the core and non-core programs included in the combined state plan.

Agency Program Responsibility:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Core Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WAEDA</td>
<td>Adult (Title I), Dislocated Worker (Title I), Youth (Title I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADWS</td>
<td>Wagner-Peyser</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADCE</td>
<td>Adult Education and Family Literacy (WIOA Title II)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vocational Rehabilitation (Title I Rehabilitation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHS</td>
<td>Vocational Rehabilitation for the Blind (Title I Rehabilitation)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Non-Core Program
Trade Adjustment Assistance
Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker Program (Title I)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program

The Western Arkansas Workforce Center is a key point of entry to the workforce system in the area, and represents Arkansas’s version of the American Jobs Center. There is one comprehensive workforce center with multiple access points across the six-county area with the capability to provide service locations in rural parts of the Western Arkansas via mobile workforce center units that travel the state. The workforce system in Western Arkansas is a collaboration of Title 1-B service providers, the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services, four strategically located units of the Arkansas Department of Career Services, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and Department of Human Services - Division of Services for the Blind, hereafter identified as the area consortium of partners. The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board (WAWDB) directs the Arkansas Workforce Centers in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area with support from the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services. The local board has representation from local businesses, labor, partner agencies, and other key stakeholders to create a diverse and functional group. The board, in alignment with the states’ vision, provides front line strategic implementation for statewide initiatives in addition to locally determined priorities. These local and state initiatives include sector strategies, career pathway development, and delivery of standardized business services. Local priorities include layoff aversion, specific career pathway development, youth programs, targeted sector partnerships, and work-based learning. The local board is responsible for procuring a One-Stop operator for the daily operation of the center(s) in accordance with WIOA 121(d). The board carries out workforce activities with the agency partners though a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to implement core, non-core, and other partner programs. Operating as a fully integrated shop the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center supports WIOA Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth programs, Wagner-Peyser, Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Unemployment Insurance (UI), Adult Education and Family Literacy, and Vocational Rehabilitation. With this foundation for service integration, the Western Arkansas Workforce Development System operates under the “No Wrong Door” philosophy. This design creates an intake process that identifies the needs of a business or individual, gathering information and utilizing the appropriate resources necessary to assist each customer that enters the center. These resources are also accessible through a referral system between partner programs. This consortium of partners will also convene regularly to create a process of continuing improvement on the system’s delivery capability to ensure the network is meeting the changing needs of each community in Western Arkansas. Customers receive solutions and follow up steps to their questions, barriers, and issues through direct connections to the appropriate workforce system partner, which is part of this philosophy. The Arkansas Department of Career Education, Adult Education Division (ACE/AED) funds four local adult education programs and two literacy councils located in Crawford, Franklin, Logan, Polk, and Sebastian counties. The local service delivery system is diverse to meet a variety of needs and situations. The
funding for these programs comes from the public-school systems and community colleges. Local programs provide adult education services such as teaching academic skills to people who function from beginning reading through a 12.9 functioning grade level and English as a Second Language (ESL). These services are free and provided in classes held in locations throughout each county. Additional programs such as Family Literacy and Workforce Alliance for Growth in the Economy (WAGE™) are available in some counties. DHS - Division of Services for the Blind supports an accessible kiosk for consumers at the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center location. The kiosk provides consumers the same access to the internet to search for jobs as a sighted person seeking services from the workforce center. DSB provides training to workforce center staff and clients on the use of the kiosk.

**Workforce System Services**
To the unemployed and underemployed the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center offers the full array of career services outlined in WIOA 134(c)(2) for unemployed and underemployed jobseekers. Basic career services are available at all service locations throughout Western Arkansas. The comprehensive center has computers, printers, copiers, printed resources, and staff to assist jobseekers. Many of the services, including Arkansas Job Link and Discover Arkansas LMI Portal, are accessible through the internet via computer, smart phone, or tablet. Arkansas Job Link is the state job matching system and the virtual one stop shop where Arkansans can centralize all their career search activities. It allows jobseekers to self-enter resumes and job search anytime. Arkansas Job Link also provides access to a toolbox of job search assistance links, including career exploration, training resources, self-marketing tools, unemployment insurance information, and additional job banks. It also has a built-in event calendar that communicates upcoming hiring events, job fairs, and other workforce activities. Discover Arkansas LMI Portal allows jobseekers to make informed data-driven career decisions. This labor market system provides a wide variety of local and regional labor market services, such as labor trends, statistics, economics, demographics, salaries, and employer data. It allows jobseekers to set up a personal page for their career exploration data to be readily accessible. Basic career services also extend beyond the virtual world. After the initial assessment customers, as appropriate, may be provided with direct linkages to additional workforce activities, including multiple education and training opportunities across the workforce system through partner referrals. The workforce center has representatives available from most of the partners.

**Jobseeker Services**
The Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center offers a full range of activities to prepare jobseekers to meet the needs of today’s workplace. Services offered aid jobseekers with soft skills and technical training assistance employers desire and need in the modern labor pool. These services include job search assistance, job referral, placement through Title 1-B Provider, Adult Education Centers, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services, Wagner-Peyser, and Career Readiness Assessment and Certification, occupational skills assessment from the same as well as 2 & 4- year institutions in the region. These services are driven by the demand occupations of the area. Labor exchange services provide labor market
information to the individuals seeking services. The information is regularly updated and includes information on local, regional and national labor markets. Also provided is information such as job vacancies, skill requirements for jobs, in-demand occupations and related earning potential, and opportunities for advancement in those occupations. The state and Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area partners are members of the America’s Job Link Alliance for job matching. Jobseekers, as well as employers, utilize this database for employment purposes. Arkansas Job Link provides self-service, case management, fiscal management, reporting, and more.

**Career Services**

Individualized services provided are outreach, intake and orientation, initial assessment, labor exchange services, eligibility determination, program referral, performance and cost information, information on unemployment insurance, financial aid information, and follow-up services. This allows the One-Stop and partners to insure the appropriate services are offered for individuals to obtain or retain employment. These services include Individual Employment Plan (IEP), career planning and counseling, comprehensive assessment, occupational skills assessment, short-term prevocational services, internships and work experience, which work with transitional jobs and industry partnerships. Workforce preparation, out-of-area job search, English language acquisition, and financial literacy are also available.

Specific services include adult basic skills and occupational interest assessment, career development facilitation, career readiness preparation and certification offered and complimented between partners based upon program criteria. Pre-apprenticeship and Apprenticeship opportunities are supported by the local workforce system through referral among core partners and educational institutions. Adult Education Centers, Title 1-B, Vocational Rehabilitation Services and DHS - Division of Services for the Blind provide other services such as English literacy, citizenship instruction, financial and health literacy services based upon the client’s system entry point and needs.

Career Pathways Initiative aligns services with the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services, Department of Human Services, Adult Education, community and faith based organizations, and other programs to ensure that barriers are overcome and that employment and educational needs are met without duplication of services. The career pathway approach is a paradigm shift in how we prepare individuals for work and lifelong learning. It reorients existing education and workforce services from myriad disconnected programs to a structure that synchronizes employers' workforce needs with individuals' education and training needs.

**Training Services**

Typical career services are not always enough to enable job seekers to obtain self-sufficient employment. In some instances, formal training is required such as GED preparation, skills testing, basic education services and digital literacy. Arkansas Workforce Centers and Area partners offer multiple training services such as occupational skills training, on-the-job training (OJT), registered apprenticeships, pre-apprenticeship programs,
incumbent worker training, skill upgrading and retraining, entrepreneurial training, adult education and family literacy activities. The National Apprenticeship Training Foundation and the Arkansas Apprenticeship Coalitions hosted a regional apprenticeship meeting for the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area. This meeting focused on aligning the enrollment process and eliminating barriers between workforce system partners to increase referrals to apprenticeship programs. Other services provided by the region’s workforce system are training services funded through WIOA programs, Pell Grants, partner programs, and state and local grants which the program assists participants in obtaining. To improve employability, the local area establishes and implements its policies for eligibility, Individual Training Account (ITA) limits, and the identification of in-demand sectors or occupations specific to the region. Through multiple initiatives and projects, the region is focusing training and career development activities on sector strategies and demand sector partnerships. These round tables will also define career pathway development.

Arkansas Promoting Readiness of Minors on Supplemental Income (PROMISE) is a research project open to youth ages 14 to 16 who currently receive SSI benefits. For 1000 youth, PROMISE will provide additional services to youth and their families to support their education and career goals. Services include intensive case management, two paid competitive work experiences, education and employment training and support for youth and families, health and wellness training, and benefits counseling. The region participates in the program and provides the work experience opportunities in the local communities. Students are placed in appropriate career fields for the required number of hours.

At the state level, the Eligible Training Provider List (ETPL) is updated pursuant to WIOA Sections 122 and 134. This list ensures that Arkansans can make informed decisions on training providers and programs based on accurate data including completion and placement rates, labor market information, and wage expectations. To add validation and current relevance of training to job demand the area received grants to implement sector strategies and create sector partnerships to advance the business approach to lowering unemployment and improving the prevailing wage.

Supportive Services
These services are available to eligible jobseekers to assist in obtaining or retaining employment through career or training services. Arkansas Workforce Centers offer a variety of supportive services with the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board providing policy that outlines types, eligibility, and limits for these services. Examples of supportive services include childcare, transportation, needs-related payments, tools and equipment, uniforms, and other required clothing. In addition to WIOA-funded supportive services, local areas have developed relationships with community partners that assist with utility payments, food, shelter, and other basic needs to aid those working within the system. Supportive services are coordinated based on program eligibility, the economic need thresholds of the partner agencies, and the availability of program funds.
WIOA Title I, Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth services provide supportive services. Services include transportation assistance, childcare assistance, needs related payments, and other services as the case may require, to job seekers that assist in obtaining and retaining employment. Through assessments and evaluations, Career Planners determine the needs of each participant and create an Individual Employment Plan to address the identified barriers. Transportation assistance is provided in the form of a reimbursement. Child Care assistance is provided through vouchers to state approved childcare agencies. Needs Related Payments are provided through a stipend. Referrals to partner agencies are made to ensure the participants are receiving the optimal services to meet the individual’s need.

Adult Education Centers in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area provide referrals to Career Pathways at local community colleges, career assessments, Career Coach assistance, job readiness / soft skills training, and educational and career goal planning. The Centers aid with childcare, transportation, tuition, and materials. Pre-apprenticeship programs introduce students to specific trades and the Centers partner with area employers to provide apprenticeship opportunities. Each adult education center has a local service directory that is utilized for student support services. Supportive services such as transportation, daycare, etc. are coordinated with partner agencies through participant referrals. Adult Education coordinates with Arkansas Rehabilitation Services to help provide persons with disabilities access to services, evaluations of capabilities and limitations, guidance and counseling, assistive technologies, and job placement.

Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are mandated to research and apply all comparable benefits for services from other resources prior to using vocational rehabilitation funds. The most frequently applied comparable resources come from sources outside of the core partner agencies. Examples are tuition assistance in the form of grant funding, housing assistance from Housing and Urban Development, the individual’s own medical insurance that are applied first for physical and mental restoration services. The supportive services provided by Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are arranged and coordinated according to an individual plan for employment which specifies a career goal and the areas that the individual may need support to reach that goal. The supports needed are determined through assessments, evaluations, as well as the analysis and application of state and federal regulations and policies. The following support services are assessed, evaluated, and analyzed for applicability and comparable services benefits to each individual case: maintenance assistance to participate in employment or training that leads to employment, personal care attendant services, physical and mental restoration services, rehabilitation engineering, rehabilitation technology, and transportation to participate in employment or training activities. These support services are time limited and must accompany a substantial service that is directly related to obtaining or maintaining employment.
**Business Services**
The focal point of all workforce system activities is business and industry as well as overall economic development of the area. Activities taking place statewide include access to Workforce Center facilities, which allows businesses to conduct activities such as meetings, trainings, orientations, and interviews. Other services provided are assessments to measure the skills, interests and/or personality traits of potential or current employees. Business education is a service offered in the form of seminars, round tables, workshops, and focus groups. A service makes information available to existing or new employers pertaining to the various incentive programs or other information that provides a benefit to that business. Hiring events are customized for employers to assist in recruiting, interviewing, and hiring for open positions or upcoming needs.

Planning and hosting services for job fair events for area employers assists in recruiting, interviewing, and hiring for open positions and future needs. Job openings are posted by staff and via web-entered job orders reviewed by Center staff. Labor market information is available on state and local labor market conditions, industries and occupations, and characteristics of the area workforce. Information on skills needed by local businesses, employer wage and benefit trends, short and long-term industry and occupational projections, worker supply and demand, and job vacancies survey results are all available to area companies. The state, in coordination with the local workforce development board, makes a variety of rapid response services available to businesses that are facing restructuring and downsizing. These services include onsite workshops for employees in transition, job placement assistance, and information on unemployment benefits. Screening services, which can include initial evaluation of applications or resumes, are designed to assist employers in the recruiting process. The services will work to design and provide specific training and retraining to aid businesses with current or future employee needs. These programs include, but are not limited to On the Job Training, Work Experience, Incumbent Worker Training, or some other related service based upon skills needs.

**Services to Persons with Disabilities**
The Arkansas Department of Career Education, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services (ACE/ARS), and the Department of Human Services - Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) provide vocational rehabilitation services to people with disabilities. According to the March 2017 report on Disability Employment Statistics on individuals ages 16 and over from the Department of Labor Statistics, (sited https://www.dol.gov/odep/) nationwide there is a 20.4% labor force participation for persons with disabilities and a 68.7% participation rate of persons without disabilities. The unemployment rate of persons with disabilities is 10.6%, while the unemployment rate of people without disabilities is 4.3%.

Historically, there are significant barriers to the inclusion of people with disabilities into Arkansas's economic development strategy. Arkansas Rehabilitation Services in partnership with the Arkansas Department of Human Services - Division of Services for the Blind are leading the charge for providing targeted training and education for people with disabilities to develop the skills and abilities needed to obtain competitive integrated
employment in Arkansas. It is a part of the local strategy that all partners be active participants in these efforts.

Governor Asa Hutchinson decided to continue and build on former Governor Mike Beebe’s Executive Order 10-17 by creating the Employment First initiative to encourage state agencies to hire people with disabilities and serve as a hiring model to the private sector. The initiative also instructs agencies to provide consumer services with the goal of self-sufficiency through employment as the result, rather than the service as an end in itself. Department of Human Services - Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) coordinates with other state agencies to increase employment of Arkansas with disabilities. The order also to focus consumer services first toward the goal of self-sufficiency through employment.

E. The educational and skill levels of the workforce, including individuals with barriers;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Attainment Population Age 25+ in WAWDA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arkansas (1000s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pop 25+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAPDD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crawford</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franklin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scott</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sebastian</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*categories includes population under age 25

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder 2014

The Western Arkansas Region recognizes individuals with barriers to employment include those in one or more of the following categories as stated by WIOA Section 3(24): §680.320(b)(1-14):

- Displaced homemakers
- Low-income individuals
- Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians
- Persons with disabilities
- Older individuals, i.e./ those 55 or older
- Ex-offenders
- Homeless individuals
- Youth who are in or have aged out of the foster care system
- Individuals who are English language learners; individuals who have low levels of literacy, and individuals facing substantial cultural barriers
- Eligible migrant and seasonal farmworkers, defined in WIOA Section 167(i)
- Individuals within 2 years of exhausting lifetime eligibility under TANF (part A of title IV of the Social Security Act)
- Single parents (including single pregnant women)
- Long-term unemployed individuals
- Other groups determined by the Governor to have barriers to employment
F. The development and implementation of sector initiatives for existing and emerging in-demand industry sectors or occupations for the region;
Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area is in the process of developing and implementing sector initiatives for existing and emerging in-demand industry sectors or occupations for the region. Western Arkansas annually reviews the Labor Market Information (LMI) with representatives of Arkansas Department of Workforce Services. This information provided by the state aids in identifying key occupations in the local area that are used to compile the comprehensive state list that ties training and services for Title I-B providers. The Arkansas Department of Workforce Services is contracting with Maher and Maher to provide training and guidance in developing sector strategies throughout the state and local Workforce Areas. Western Arkansas has carried out sector strategy planning with the Maher and Maher representative through conference calls and webinars. These have been used to help prepare the local board on its role in sector partnerships as well as begin the task of creating the steps and timeline of more detailed sector strategies focused on the needs of the region. In-person training and panels with boards utilizing sector partnerships are part of the ongoing plans for Western Arkansas. Locally, the workforce board has coordinated additional extensive services with the Institute of Economic Advancement at the University of Arkansas, Little Rock. This will provide a series of reports and analysis that will be used to identify sector partnerships focused on occupations identified as in demand or growing. These services will also evaluate the region’s 2 & 4-year educational institutions program offerings in comparison to training gaps of in-demand industries and occupations. Several sectors have been identified in preliminary analysis including healthcare, advanced manufacturing, information technology, transportation and logistics. Efforts are in motion within the region to address initiatives/industry sector initiatives. University of Arkansas, Fort Smith while participating in the Regional Workforce Grants has focused on robotics, information technologies, and transportation. Arkansas Tech University–Ozark campus has targeted health care and manufacturing support services. Rich Mountain Community College has created programs to support manufacturing services. All these schools are working with primary and secondary schools to work to create the talent pipeline of future workers. Partnerships with the Education Service Cooperatives in our area have proven to provide great dialogue and results.

Indicate the sources of regional labor market and economic data. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(1)(C)]
U.S. Census Bureau
Bureau of Economic Analysis
Bureau of Labor Statistics
EMSI, ADWS
Arkansas Research Center

1.3. Based upon the regional labor market and economic conditions analysis and Arkansas’s Workforce Development Plan (PY 2016 –PY 2019) describe the planning region’s economic and workforce development oriented vision and strategic goals. [WIOA Sec. 106(c) and Sec. 107(d)]
Western has adopted the state’s Vision and Goals and adapted them to the local area.
Vision
The Western Arkansas workforce development system will create a workforce that is well educated, skilled, and supported to insure the long-term labor needs of the Region’s business community are met. This supports Arkansas’s economy, keeping it competitive in the global marketplace. To carry out this mission a collaboration of the workforce system partners and sector industry partners will utilize job market data to align services to provide improved long-term employability of citizens within the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area.

Western Arkansas’s Talent Development System Philosophy
- We believe there must be a pipeline of skilled workers for employers to aid in creating a job for every Arkansan who wants one.
- We believe that every Arkansan should have opportunity and access to training and education that leads to a career with gainful employment.
- We believe innovation and partnerships centered on local economic priorities maximize effectiveness and puts Western Arkansas in the best position to address local and regional workforce needs.
- We believe Western Arkansas’s workforce system must be a viable resource for business and industry.
- We believe that for the talent development system to be effective, we must eliminate duplication of resources and services, streamline investment of funds and support collaboration with all workforce partners.

Goals
Strategic Goal 1: Develop an efficient partnership with employers, the educational system, workforce development partners, and community-based organizations to deliver a platform that will prepare a skilled workforce for existing and new employers.

Goal 1 Objectives:
1. Expand employer partnerships through the support of industry engagement.
2. Identify and promote best practices (private and public) for developing and sustaining partnerships.
3. Improve communication/participation between education entities, local and state boards, government agencies, community-based organizations, and employers.
4. Increase the utilization of Registered Apprenticeship programs as viable talent development opportunities.

Strategic Goal 2: Enhance service delivery to employers and jobseekers.

Goal 2 Objectives:
1. Utilize a common intake process developed by the state for jobseekers and businesses that will efficiently connect them with services available from all workforce development partner programs and identify any barriers to employment that need to be addressed.
2. Identify and utilize an integrated data system that will enable information sharing between partner agencies to provide efficient services for employers and jobseekers.
3. Develop a menu of services available at each system access point listing the services and training opportunities available through Arkansas’s talent development system.

**Strategic Goal 3: Increase awareness of the state’s Talent Development System**

**Goal 3 Objectives:**
1. Increase access to the workforce development system through a “No Wrong Door” approach to services.
2. Utilize an image-building outreach campaign that educates Arkansans about the services and the career development opportunities available in the state.
3. Utilize technology, including social media and search engine optimization, to better connect jobseekers and employers with the talent development system in Arkansas.
4. Develop a user-friendly website that provides a common repository of information about career development opportunities that are relevant to K-12 education, parents, educators, adults, employers, government agencies, and the public.

**Strategic Goal 4: Address Skills Gaps**

**Goal 4 Objectives:**
1. Participate in a statewide skills and asset analysis to determine the skills gap present and resources available to solve the skills issue.
2. Help to implement an action plan to close the basic core, technical, and soft skills gaps in Arkansas.
3. Analyze the effectiveness of currently used job readiness standards and ensure coordination between the Arkansas Career Readiness Certificate program and the Workforce Alliance for Growth in the Economy (WAGE) program.

1.4. Describe regional strategies used to facilitate engagement of businesses and other employers, including small employers and in-demand industry sector occupations. Describe methods and services to support the regional workforce system in meeting employer needs. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)]

The Western LWDA has developed partnerships and alliances through the Chambers of Commerce, Educational Cooperatives, and educational institutions at all levels, apprenticeship and labor organizations in our communities. The Western LWDB conducts business forums throughout the LWDA to raise awareness of the workforce development system, engage businesses, and coordinate solutions to problems and issues voiced by community stakeholders. WAWDB continues to meet quarterly and works with neighboring groups sharing training, network, and research resources.

1.5. Describe how the planning region will define and establish regional workforce development service strategies. Describe how the planning region will develop and use cooperative workforce development service delivery agreements. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(B)]

Western will define workforce development strategies working with system partners to determine the most effective and efficient means to provide services with guidance from the
state regarding requirements and opportunities. Service delivery agreements will be memorandums of understanding for the local workforce system. Service strategies will be designed around demand occupations currently defined in section 1.2.C. Throughout the course of this plan sector partnerships will define future program focus. The region will also work with individual companies who present a need and willingness to partner with the area workforce system to create a competitive labor resource.

1.6. Describe how the planning region will define and establish administrative cost arrangements, including the pooling of funds for administrative costs, as appropriate, for the region. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(E)] Western will use Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 17-16 that provides guidance on the operating costs of the One-Stop delivery system, which are comprised of infrastructure costs and additional costs (i.e. career services, shared operating costs, and shared services) in accordance with the requirements set forth in the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) and its implementing regulations.

All One-Stop partner programs must contribute to the infrastructure costs and certain additional cost of the One-Stop delivery system based on their proportionate use. A partner’s contribution must be an allowable, reasonable, necessary, and allocable cost to the program, consistent with the Federal Cost Principles set forth in the Uniform Guidance.

1.7. Describe how the planning region will determine and coordinate transportation and other supportive services for the region. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(F)] The core programs, including Title I services, have a strong relationship focused on putting the maximum amount of resources into the hands of those seeking work and improvement in work skills throughout the region with limited or no overlap. Partner programs in the area workforce system determines and coordinates transportation and other supportive services as allowable by their program. The area currently operates as a One-Stop consortium with the Title I provider at the lead. The board is aware that there is still opportunity to improve the communications among those in the Western Arkansas Workforce system and are investigating ways to share information through technology as well as board facilitated meetings and panels. The board is discussing a portal for the area system that supports and ties partners to a central web presence with a regional brand, but is also interested in a similar portal that would be available through the state. Current technological advances allow for shared information with varied levels of access and security, which would control most duplication of services while providing system partners the ability to see support gaps and fill them as allowable by their program. The board will be reviewing the regions policies and will update them during this cycle to be WIOA compliant.

1.8. Describe strategies and services the planning region will employ to coordinate workforce development programs/services with regional economic development services and providers. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(G)] Western will continue to collaborate with regional economic development entities by leveraging resources with the Western Arkansas Planning & Development District, Chambers of Commerce and other economic development organizations. Partners in the workforce system regularly participate in the Fort Smith Regional Alliance, area Chambers of Commerce,
Business after Hours and ribbon cuttings to make connections with community businesses. The board will be working with representatives from Arkansas Economic Development Commission as well as industry associations to create new relationships and strengthen business partnerships. The region is working to improve the skills and tools for a coordinated business outreach team that will help provide quicker, more detailed information on local industry needs and continue to build trust with business partners.

1.9. Describe how the planning region will establish an agreement concerning how the planning region will collectively negotiate and reach agreement with the state on local levels of performance for, and report on, the performance accountability measures described in WIOA Section 116(c), for local areas and the planning region. [WIOA Sec. 106(c)(H)] [proposed 20 CFR 677.210(b) and (c)] and [proposed 20 CFR 679.510(a)(2)]

Since the planning region is a single workforce development area Western will follow the federal and state guidance regarding negotiation and agreement with the state.
Appendix B: Western Arkansas Local Plan

WIOA requires each local workforce area to develop a local plan that supports and is submitted as a component of its associated regional plan. The narratives framed in the local plan will include more detailed, actionable plans and objectives, consistent with the local plan’s respective regional plan strategic visions and goals.

Section 1: Workforce and Economic Analysis

1.1. **Provide an analysis of the economic conditions, including existing and emerging in-demand industry sectors and occupations; and the employment needs of employers in those industry sectors and occupations.** [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(A)] and [proposed 20 CFR 679.560(a)]

Western Arkansas annually reviews the Labor Market Information (LMI) with representatives of Arkansas Department of Workforce Services. This information provided by the state aids in identifying key occupations in the local area that are used to compile the comprehensive state list that ties training and services for Title I-B providers. The Arkansas Department of Workforce Services is contracting with Maher and Maher to provide training and guidance in developing sector strategies throughout the state and local Workforce Areas. Western Arkansas has carried out sector strategy planning with the Maher and Maher representative through conference calls and webinars. These have been used to help prepare the local board on its role in sector partnerships as well as begin the task of creating the steps and timeline of more detailed sector strategies focused on the needs of the region. In-person training and panels with boards utilizing sector partnerships are part of the ongoing plans for Western Arkansas. Locally the workforce board has coordinated additional extensive services with the Institute of Economic Advancement at the University of Arkansas, Little Rock. This will provide a series of reports and analysis that will be used in sector partnerships focused on those occupations identified as in demand or growing. These services will also evaluate the region’s 2 & 4-year educational institutions program offerings in comparison to training gaps of in-demand industries and occupations. During this time of transition, Western is focusing on Health Care, Advanced Manufacturing, Information Technology and the supporting occupations. This focus is based upon the most current information available at the drafting of this plan. These are the details on industry sectors, occupations and educational concerns of Western Arkansas.

Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area Projected Employment Growth (2012-2022)
All sectors = +8.1%
### Top Ten Projected Growth Industries (2012-2022)

**Industry** | **Net Growth** | **% Growth**
--- | --- | ---
Food Services | 1488 | 20.3%
Educational Services | 988 | 11.6%
Social Assistance | 925 | 35.6%
Hospitals | 790 | 18.6%
Ambulatory Health Care Services | 778 | 17.1%
Administrative & Support Services | 485 | 9.2%
Truck Transportation | 481 | 10.7%
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services | 450 | 23.2%
Specialty Trade Contractors | 377 | 16.3%
Local Government, Excluding Education & Hospitals | 371 | 12.1%

Source: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), Labor Market Information
Long-Term Employment Projections, Labor Market Information
North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), Industry Title of the 3-digit level
Top Ten Projected Growth Occupations (2012-2022)
Ranked by Net Growth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Net Growth</th>
<th>Growth %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal Care Aides</td>
<td>554</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combined Food Prep &amp; Serving</td>
<td>493</td>
<td>27.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registered Nurses</td>
<td>364</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiters &amp; Waitresses</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>15.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Salespersons</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>8.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Health Care Aides</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>30.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretaries &amp; Administrative Assistants</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Line Supervisors of Food Prep &amp; Serving</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborers &amp; Freight, Stock, and Material Movers</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooks, Restaurant</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>23.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Occupational Statistics & Employment Projections, Labor Market Information

The local board will evaluate this data at reasonable intervals to share with system partners to assist area industry in meeting labor demands and job seekers in finding good employment.

1.2. Provide an analysis of the knowledge and skills required to meet the employment needs of the employers in the local area, including employment needs for in-demand industry sectors and occupations. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(B)] and [proposed 20 CFR 679.560(a)]

Most employers need their employees to have basic knowledge and skills of literacy and math, problem solving, computing, communication, work readiness and other skills. Additionally, skills are varied and particular to each job. Advanced manufacturing employers are seeking individuals who have technical skills such as Computerized Numerical Controller (CNC). Information tech companies need individuals who are skilled and knowledgeable in computers and mathematics. Hospitals needs include the entire range of skills necessary for all the jobs in the facility from food service, maintenance, and laboratory, to all levels of nursing care and ancillary services.

The state has contracted Maher & Maher to assist the board in developing sector strategies to provide value and fulfill labor needs of the areas business partners. Maher and Maher working with the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board and partners have held a series of conference calls and webinars to determine and develop sector partnerships. Continued work with their representative includes in-person convening and studies of other areas. These sessions have been used to help prepare the local board on its role in sector partnerships as well as begin the task of creating the steps and timeline of more detailed sector strategies focused on the needs of the region. In-person training and panels with boards utilizing sector partnerships are part of the ongoing plans for Western Arkansas. Locally, the workforce board has coordinated additional extensive services with the Institute of Economic Advancement at the University of Arkansas, Little Rock. This will provide a series of reports and analysis that will be used in sector partnerships focused on those occupations identified as in demand or growing. These services will also evaluate the region’s 2 & 4-year educational institutions program offerings in comparison to training gaps of in-demand industries and occupations.
1.3. Provide an analysis of the local workforce, including current labor force employment (and unemployment) data, and information on labor market trends, and the educational and skill levels of the workforce in the region, including individuals with barriers to employment. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(C)] and [proposed 20 CFR 679.560(a)]

The Arkansas Department of Career Education, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services (ACE/ARS) and the Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) provide vocational rehabilitation services to people with disabilities. According to the March 2017 report on Disability Employment Statistics on individuals ages 16 and over from the Department of Labor Statistics, nationwide there is a 20.4% labor force participation for persons with disabilities and a 68.7% participation rate of persons without disabilities. The unemployment rate of persons with disabilities is 10.6%, while the unemployment rate of people without disabilities is 4.3%.

1.4. Provide an analysis and description of workforce development activities, including type and availability of education, training and employment activities. Include analysis of the strengths and weaknesses of such services, and the capacity to provide such services, in order to address the education and skill needs of the workforce and the employment needs of employers in the region. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(D)] and [proposed 20 CFR 679.560(a)]

Western Arkansas’s workforce development activities are coordinated through the following agencies at the local level: Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency, Inc. (WAEDA), the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services (ADWS), the Arkansas Department of Career Education (ADCE), the Department of Human Services (DHS), Division of County Operations (DCO) and Division of Services for the Blind (DSB).
The Western Arkansas Workforce Center is at the forefront of the workforce activities in the area, and represents Arkansas’s version of the American Jobs Center. There is one comprehensive workforce center with multiple access points across the six-county area with the capability to provide service locations in rural parts of the Western Arkansas via mobile workforce center units that travel the state. The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board (WAWDB) directs the Arkansas Workforce Centers in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area with oversight from the ADWS. The local board is comprised of local businesses, labor, partner agencies, and other key stakeholders to create a diverse and functional group. The board, in alignment with the states’ vision, provides front line strategic implementation for statewide initiatives in addition to locally determined priorities. State initiatives include sector strategies, career pathway development, and delivery of standardized business services. Local priorities include layoff aversion, specific career pathway development, youth programs, targeted sector partnerships, and work-based learning. The local board is responsible for procuring a One-Stop operator for the daily operation of the center(s) in accordance with WIOA 121(d). The board carries out workforce activities with the agency partners though a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to implement core, non-core, and other partner programs. Operating as a fully integrated shop the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center supports WIOA Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth programs, Wagner-Peyser, Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Unemployment Insurance (UI), Adult Education and Family Literacy, and Vocational Rehabilitation. With this foundation for service integration, the Western Arkansas Workforce Development System operates under the “No Wrong Door” philosophy. This design creates an intake process that identifies the needs of the individual, gathering information and utilizing the appropriate resources to meet those needs regardless of the partner that provides them. These resources are also initiated by a referral system between partner programs. Customers are provided solutions and follow up steps to their questions, barriers, and issues by connecting them directly to the appropriate workforce system partner, which is all a part of this philosophy. The Arkansas Department of Career Education/Adult Education Division (ACE/AED) funds six local adult education programs and four literacy councils. The local service delivery system is diverse to meet a variety of needs and situations. The funding for these programs comes from the public-school systems and community colleges. Local programs provide adult education services such as teaching academic skills to people who function from beginning reading through a 12.9 functioning grade level and English as a Second Language (ESL). These services are free and provided in classes held in locations throughout each county. Additional programs such as family literacy and Workforce Alliance for Growth in the Economy (WAGE™) are offered in some counties. DSB supports an accessible kiosk for consumers at the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center location. The kiosk provides consumers the same access to the Internet to search for jobs as a sighted person seeking services from the workforce center. DSB provides training to workforce center staff and clients on the use of the kiosk.

**Workforce System Services** - To the unemployed and underemployed the Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center offers the full array of career services outlined in WIOA 134(c)(2) for unemployed and underemployed jobseekers. Basic career services are available at all service locations throughout Western Arkansas. The comprehensive center has computers,
 printers, copiers, printed resources, and staff to assist jobseekers. Many of the services, including Arkansas Job Link and Discover Arkansas Labor Market Information Portal, are accessible through the internet via computer, smart phone, or tablet. Arkansas Job Link is the state job matching system and the virtual one stop shop where Arkansans can centralize all their career search activities. It allows jobseekers to self-enter resumes and job search anytime. Arkansas Job Link also provides access to a toolbox of job search assistance links, including career exploration, training resources, self-marketing tools, unemployment insurance information, and additional job banks. It also has a built-in event calendar that communicates upcoming hiring events, job fairs, and other workforce activities.

Discover Arkansas LMI Portal allows jobseekers to make informed data-driven career decisions. This labor market system provides a wide variety of local and regional labor market services, such as labor trends, statistics, economics, demographics, salaries, and employer data. It allows jobseekers to set up a personal page for their career exploration data to be readily accessible. Basic career services also extend beyond the virtual world. After the initial assessment customers, as appropriate, may be provided with direct linkages to additional workforce activities, including multiple education and training opportunities across the workforce system through partner referrals. The workforce center has representatives available from most of the partners.

**Jobseeker Services** - The Western Arkansas Comprehensive Workforce Center offers a full range of activities to prepare jobseekers to meet the needs of today’s workplace. Services offered aid jobseekers with soft skills and technical training assistance employers desire and need in the modern labor pool. These services include job search assistance, job referral, placement through Title 1-B Provider, Adult Education Centers, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services, Wagner-Peyser, and Career Readiness Assessment and Certification, occupational skills assessment from the same as well as 2 & 4-year institutions in the region. These services are driven by the demand occupations of the area based on information validated through sector partnerships. Labor exchange services provide labor market information to the individuals seeking services. The information is regularly updated and includes information on local, regional and national labor markets. Also provided is information such as job vacancies, skill requirements for jobs, in-demand occupations and related earning potential, and opportunities for advancement in those occupations. The state and Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area partners are members of the America’s Job Link Alliance for job matching. Jobseekers, as well as employers, utilize this database for employment purposes. Arkansas Job Link provides self-service, case management, fiscal management, reporting, and more.

**Career Services** - Individualized services provided are outreach, intake and orientation, initial assessment, labor exchange services, eligibility determination, program referral, performance and cost information, information on unemployment insurance, financial aid information, and follow-up services. This allows the One-Stop and partners to insure the appropriate services are offered for individuals to obtain or retain employment. These services include Individual Employment Plan (IEP), career planning and counseling, comprehensive assessment, occupational skills assessment, short-term prevocational services, internships and work
experience, which work with transitional jobs and industry partnerships. Workforce preparation, out-of-area job search, English language acquisition, and financial literacy are also available.

Specific services include adult basic skills and occupational interest assessment, career development facilitation, career readiness preparation and certification offered and complimented between partners based upon program criteria. Pre-apprenticeship and Apprenticeship opportunities are supported by the local workforce system through referral among core partners and educational institutions. Adult Education Centers, Title 1-B, Vocational Rehabilitation Services and Division of Services for the Blind provide other services such as English literacy, citizenship instruction, financial and health literacy services based upon the client’s system entry point and needs.

Career Pathways Initiative aligns services with the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services, Department of Human Services, Adult Education, community and faith based organizations, and other programs to ensure that barriers are overcome and that employment and educational needs are met without duplication of services. The career pathway approach is a paradigm shift in how we prepare individuals for work and lifelong learning. It reorients existing education and workforce services from myriad disconnected programs to a structure that synchronizes employers’ workforce needs with individuals’ education and training needs.

Training Services - Typical career services are not always enough to enable job seekers to obtain self-sufficient employment. In some instances, formal training is required such as General Education Diploma (GED) preparation, skills testing, basic education services and digital literacy. Arkansas Workforce Centers and Area partners offer multiple training services such as occupational skills training, on-the-job training (OJT), registered apprenticeships, pre-apprenticeship programs, incumbent worker training, skill upgrading and retraining, entrepreneurial training, adult education and family literacy activities. The National Apprenticeship Training Foundation and the Arkansas Apprenticeship Coalitions hosted a regional apprenticeship meeting for the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area. This meeting focused on aligning the enrollment process and eliminating barriers between workforce system partners to increase referrals to apprenticeship programs. Other services provided by the region’s workforce system are training services funded through WIOA programs, Pell Grants, partner programs, and state and local grants which the program assists participants in obtaining. To improve employability, the local area establishes and implements its policies for eligibility, Individual Training Account (ITA) limits, and the identification of in-demand sectors or occupations specific to the region. Through multiple initiatives and projects, the region is focusing training and career development activities on sector strategies and demand sector partnerships. These round tables will also define career pathway development.

Arkansas Promoting Readiness of Minors on Supplemental Security Income (PROMISE) is a research project open to youth ages 14 to 16 who currently receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits. For 1000 youth, PROMISE will provide additional services to youth and their families to support their education and career goals. Services include intensive case management, two paid competitive work experiences, education and employment training and
support for youth and families, health and wellness training, and benefits counseling. The region participates in the program and provides the work experience opportunities in the local communities. Students are placed in appropriate career fields for the required number of hours.

At the state level, the Eligible Training Provider List (ETPL) is updated pursuant to WIOA Sections 122 and 134. This list ensures that Arkansans can make informed decisions on training providers and programs based on accurate data including completion and placement rates, labor market information, and wage expectations. To add validation and current relevance of training to job demand the area received grants to implement sector strategies and create sector partnerships to advance the business approach to lowering unemployment and improving the prevailing wage.

**Supportive Services** - These services are available to eligible jobseekers to assist in obtaining or retaining employment through career or training services. Arkansas Workforce Centers offer a variety of supportive services with the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board providing policy that outlines types, eligibility, and limits for these services. Examples of supportive services include childcare, transportation, needs-related payments, tools and equipment, uniforms, and other required clothing. In addition to WIOA-funded supportive services, local areas have developed relationships with community partners that assist with utility payments, food, shelter, and other basic needs to aid those working within the system. Supportive services are coordinated based on program eligibility, the economic need thresholds of the partner agencies, and the availability of program funds.

WIOA Title I, Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth services provide supportive services. Services include transportation assistance, childcare assistance, needs related payments, and other services as the case may require, to job seekers that assist in obtaining and retaining employment. Through assessments and evaluations, Career Planners determine the needs of each participant and create an Individual Employment Plan to address the identified barriers. Transportation assistance is provided in the form of a reimbursement. Child Care assistance is provided through vouchers to state approved childcare agencies. Needs Related Payments are provided through a stipend. Referrals to partner agencies are made to ensure the participants are receiving the optimal services to meet the individual’s need.

Adult Education Centers in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area provide referrals to Career Pathways at local community colleges, career assessments, Career Coach assistance, job readiness /soft skills training, and educational and career goal planning. The Centers aid with childcare, transportation, tuition, and materials. Pre-apprenticeship programs introduce students to specific trades and the Centers partner with area employers to provide apprenticeship opportunities. Each adult education center has a local service directory that is utilized for student support services. Supportive services such as transportation, daycare, etc. are coordinated with partner agencies through participant referrals. Adult Education coordinates with Arkansas Rehabilitation Services to help provide persons with disabilities access to services, evaluations of capabilities and limitations, guidance and counseling, assistive technologies, and job placement.
Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are mandated to research and apply all comparable benefits for services from other resources prior to using vocational rehabilitation funds. The most frequently applied comparable resources come from sources outside of the core partner agencies. Examples are tuition assistance in the form of grant funding, housing assistance from Housing and Urban Development, the individual’s own medical insurance that are applied first for physical and mental restoration services. The supportive services provided by Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are arranged and coordinated according to an individual plan for employment which specifies a career goal and the areas that the individual may need supports to reach that goal. The supports needed are determined through assessments, evaluations, as well as the analysis and application of state and federal regulations and policies. The following supports services are assessed, evaluated, and analyzed for applicability and comparable services/similar benefits to each individual case: maintenance assistance to participate in employment or training that leads to employment, personal care attendant services, physical and mental restoration services, rehabilitation engineering, rehabilitation technology, and transportation to participate in employment or training activities. These support services are time limited and must accompany a substantial service that is directly related to obtaining or maintaining employment.

Business Services - The focal point of all workforce system activities is business and industry as well as overall economic development of the area. A renewed effort of business outreach is beginning as a collaboration of workforce system partners develops a business outreach team. This team of cross agency individuals will coordinate business visits and share pertinent data to help focus system resources on demand occupations and to layoff aversion efforts. The board is evaluating the creation of workforce system portal as a shared partner resource to businesses and job seekers. Activities include access to Workforce Center facilities, allowing businesses to conduct meetings, trainings, orientations, or interviews to name a few. Other services provided are assessments to measure the skills, interests and/or personality traits of potential or current employees. Business education is a service offered in the form of seminars, round tables, workshops, and focus groups. Information is available to existing or new employers pertaining to the various incentive programs or other information that provides a benefit to that business. Hiring events are customized for employers to assist in recruiting, interviewing, and hiring for open positions or upcoming needs.

Planning and hosting of job fairs event for area employers assists in recruiting, interviewing, and hiring for open positions or future needs. Job openings are posted by staff or via web-entered job orders approved by Center staff. Labor market information is available on state and local labor market conditions, industries and occupations, and characteristics of the area workforce. Information on identified skills needed by local businesses, employer wage and benefit trends, short and long-term industry and occupational projections, worker supply and demand, and job vacancies survey results are all made available to area companies. The state’s Rapid Response team working with the local board provides a variety of services to businesses facing restructuring and downsizing. More information on available services is found at [http://www.arkansas.gov/esd/Programs/GDWTF/index.htm](http://www.arkansas.gov/esd/Programs/GDWTF/index.htm). The services will work to
design and provide specific training and retraining to aid businesses with current or future employee needs. These programs include, but are not limited to On-the-Job Training, Work Experience, Incumbent Worker Training, or some other related service based upon skills needs.

**Services to Disabled Persons** - The Arkansas Department of Career Education, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services (ACE/ARS), and the Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) provide vocational rehabilitation services to people with disabilities. According to the March 2017 report on Disability Employment Statistics on individuals ages 16 and over from the Department of Labor Statistics, ([https://www.dol.gov/odep/](https://www.dol.gov/odep/)) nationwide there is a 20.4% labor force participation for persons with disabilities and a 68.7% participation rate of persons without disabilities. The unemployment rate of persons with disabilities is 10.6%, while the unemployment rate of people without disabilities is 4.3%.

Historically, there are significant barriers to the inclusion of people with disabilities into Arkansas’s economic development strategy. ARS in partnership with the Arkansas Department of Human Services, Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) are leading the charge for providing targeted training and education for people with disabilities to develop the skills and abilities needed to obtain competitive integrated employment in Arkansas. It is a part of the local strategy that all partners be active participants in these efforts. Through Governor Hutchinson’s January 14, 2016 renewal of Governor Beebe’ Executive Order 10-17, which was signed in 2010 all Arkansas state agencies are charged with monitoring and recruiting, training, and retaining qualified persons with disabilities in state government. It also ensures that state agencies will work towards coordinating efforts to increase employment of Arkansans with disabilities through the Employment First Taskforce.

**Strengths and Weaknesses of Workforce Development Activities**

**Strengths:**
- Western Arkansas has a strong workforce system that provides programs to aid businesses and jobseekers throughout the region.
- The workforce board and partners function as a collaborative communicating service gaps and needs.
- The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board, the region’s partners, and economic development elements of the community are working to build sector partnerships representative of demand industries and occupations.
- The private industry representatives who serve on the WAWDB represent several of the regions demand sectors.
- The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area has a broad range of One-Stop partners who provide value-added services to jobseekers who enter the Workforce Centers.
- The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board embraces and is working to expand sector strategies.
- Quality of life is improving in the region as the economy is expanding.

**Weaknesses:**
• The areas labor force is shrinking, which is accelerated by the retirement of baby boomers and creating skill gaps.
• Quality of life and place issues exist in the more rural areas of the region, causing brain drain as youth move off.
• Marketing and outreach activities, while improving, still only reach a limited audience about the workforce system and full array of what it can provide.
• Relationships with ATU – Ozark, Rich Mountain community colleges and UAFS, the regions only four-year institution, need to be strengthened.
• Some eligible training providers only offer services to jobseekers.
• Staff training programs are not in place across the workforce region to include some level of understanding of each service.

Opportunities:
• Pursuit of apprenticeship opportunities has been limited in the region, but offers value to industry and job seekers alike.
• The region has begun to build collaboration between system partners to share business outreach ideas and resources with a focus on demand occupations.
• Tailored curricular development opportunities exist in the wake of strengthened industry sector partnerships.

Challenges:
• Younger generations do not have the work readiness skills to replace the aging workforce.
• Many industries do not know enough about the workforce system to feel they can receive assist from it in their workforce needs.
• Duplication of workforce development efforts in testing, computer aided services, similar training and developmental services creates redundancy and an unnecessary drain of resources.
• Industries may relocate if they do not have the workforce needed to thrive in the region.
• A lack of an available and capable workforce makes business attraction difficult.
• Budget cuts restrict the capabilities of the Workforce Centers, and over-burden staff.

Section 2: Strategic Vision and Goals

2.1 Describe the local board’s strategic vision and goals for preparing an educated and skilled workforce (including youth and individuals with barriers to employment). Include goals relating to the performance accountability measures based on primary indicators of performance described in section 116(b)(2)(A) in order to support regional economic growth and economic self-sufficiency. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(E)]

Western Arkansas has adopted the state’s Vision and Goals and adapted them to the local area. The local board will strive to prepare an educated and skilled workforce through partnerships with all core partners through various means including adult education, apprenticeship, institutional training, literacy training, on-the-job training and work experience.

Vision
The Western Arkansas workforce development system will create a workforce that is well educated, skilled, and supported to insure the long-term labor needs of the Region’s business community are met. This supports Arkansas’s economy, keeping it competitive in the global marketplace. To carry out this mission a collaboration of the workforce system partners and sector industry partners will utilize job market data to align services to provide improved long-term employability of citizens within the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area.

**Goals**

*Strategic Goal 1: Develop an efficient partnership with employers, the educational system, workforce development partners, and community-based organizations to deliver a platform that will prepare a skilled workforce for existing and new employers.*

**Goal 1 Objectives:**

1. Expand employer partnerships through the support of industry engagement.
2. Identify and promote best practices (private and public) for developing and sustaining partnerships.
3. Improve communication/participation between education entities, local and state boards, government agencies, community-based organizations, and employers.
4. Increase the utilization of Registered Apprenticeship programs as viable talent development opportunities.

*Strategic Goal 2: Enhance service delivery to employers and jobseekers.*

**Goal 2 Objectives:**

1. Utilize a common intake process developed by the state for jobseekers and businesses that will efficiently connect them with services available from all workforce development partner programs and identify any barriers to employment that need to be addressed.
2. Identify and utilize an integrated data system that will enable information sharing between partner agencies to provide efficient services for employers and jobseekers.
3. Develop a menu of services available at each system access point listing the services and training opportunities available through Arkansas’s talent development system.

*Strategic Goal 3: Increase awareness of the state’s Talent Development System*

**Goal 3 Objectives:**

1. Increase access to the workforce development system through a “No Wrong Door” approach to services.
2. Utilize an image-building outreach campaign that educates Arkansans about the services and the career development opportunities available in the state.
3. Utilize technology, including social media and search engine optimization, to better connect jobseekers and employers with the talent development system in Arkansas.
4. Develop a user-friendly website that provides a common repository of information about career development opportunities that are relevant to K-12 education, parents, educators, adults, employers, government agencies, and the public.

*Strategic Goal 4: Address Skills Gaps*

Goal 4 Objectives:
1. Participate in a statewide skills and asset analysis to determine the skills gap present and resources available to solve the skills issue.
2. Help to implement an action plan to close the basic core, technical, and soft skills gaps in Arkansas.
3. Analyze the effectiveness of currently used job readiness standards and ensure coordination between the Arkansas Career Readiness Certificate program and the Workforce Alliance for Growth in the Economy (WAGE) program.

The local board will strive to prepare and educate a skilled workforce through partnerships with all core and other partners. Strategies for achieving these goals are found in the Regional section of the Plan.

2.2 Describe how the local board’s vision and goals align with and/or supports the vision and goals for the state’s workforce development system as established by the Arkansas Workforce Development Board. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(E)] (See Appendix C: Transitional Planning References and Resources)

The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board’s vision and goals align with the state’s and will strive to have a workforce that is well educated, skilled and working to keep Western Arkansas competitive in the global marketplace.

2.3 Describe how the local board’s vision and goals contributes to each of the governor’s goals. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(E)] (See Appendix C: Transitional Planning References and Resources) Note: The state Plan includes a number of objectives under each goal.

The Western Arkansas Workforce Development area shares the Governor’s vision for Economic Development and the state’s Strategic Plan that defines a stronger partnership between education, economic development and the state workforce system to attract, retain and grow Arkansas’s high growth industries.

2.4 Describe how the local board’s goals relate to the achievement of federal performance accountability measures. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(E)]

For participants enrolled in educational/skills training the goal is to complete training, to obtain their credential and accomplish measurable skills gain. Participants will be directed to higher paying jobs with a livable wage focused to ensure higher retention rates at program exit. For participants receiving basic and individualized career services the same goal applies.

The board has an intensified focus on business engagement to insure job training aligns with job demand. This will be evaluated by business participation and lowered unemployment numbers. Better development of the local workforce system’s business engagement is necessary; however, this will improve with regional industries through sector partnerships.
Section 3: Local Area Partnerships and Investment Strategies

3.1 Taking into account the analysis described in Appendix B - Section 1, describe the local board’s strategy to work with the entities that carry out the core programs to align resources available to the local area, in order to achieve the strategic vision and goals described in element 2.1. This analysis should include:

A. A description of the local workforce development system; include key stakeholders and entities associated with administrative and programmatic/service delivery functions. Examples include elected officials, advocacy groups, local workforce development board and committee structure, fiscal agent, operator(s), required program partners, and major contractors providing Adult/Dislocated Worker/Youth program elements. Describe respective roles and functional relationships to one another;

- The Chief Elected Officials of Western Arkansas is comprised of 16 county judges and mayors of tier 1 cities. Mayor Jerry Wilkins of Booneville was nominated by his peers to act as their chair and signatory. These individuals are the Governor’s subgrant awardees responsible for Title I funds in the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area.
- The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board meets all the WIOA requirements and is comprised of 51%+ business representation. Standing committees include the executive committee, youth committee, and One-Stop/disability committee. This board is made up of appointees by the Chief Elected Officials with the responsibility to research, guide, and provide direction of the workforce system in meeting the areas workforce needs.
- Western Arkansas Planning & Development District, Inc. (WAPDD) was selected by the Chief Elected Officials as the Administrative and Fiscal entity for the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area. It is responsible for administration of these subgrant funds, coordinates partnerships among workforce entities, and serves as staff to the board.
- The Title I-B program operator of the Adult/Dislocated Worker/Youth programs is the Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency, Inc. This entity works with business and job seeking clients providing a variety of services described under WIOA.
- Required program partners include Title II Adult Education Providers Fort Smith Adult Education, Crawford County Adult Education, Arkansas Tech University-Ozark Campus Franklin and Logan County Adult Education, Rich Mountain Community College Scott and Polk County Education; Title III Wagner-Peyser Arkansas Department of Workforce Services; Title IV Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and Arkansas Department of Human Services, Services for the Blind. These are some of the partners described under WIOA. They provide varied services to diverse populations within the community to provide opportunity to all individuals seeking employment and a better life.

B. A list of all Arkansas Workforce Centers in the local area; include address, phone numbers, and hours of operation;

Arkansas Workforce Center at Fort Smith, 616 Garrison Ave. Room 101, Fort Smith, AR 72901. (479) 783-0231 Center is open 8:00am to 4:30pm.
Arkansas Workforce Center at Mena, 601c Hwy 71 N Northside Shopping Center, Mena, AR 71953. (479) 394-3060 Center is open 8:00am to 4:30pm.

C. An attached organization chart depicts the local board, administrative and fiscal entities, and service providers. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(1)(F)]

**Flowchart of the WIOA Governance and Flow of Funds in the Western Arkansas LWDA**

CEO’s appoint Board Members to the WAWDB

Western Arkansas Workforce Development District (WAPDD) is Fiscal Agent/Administrative Entity and provides staff to the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board. Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency (WAEDA) is provider of Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth programs.

3.2 Describe the workforce development system in the local area that identifies the programs that are included in that system and how the local board will work with the entities carrying out core and other workforce development programs to support alignment to provide services, including programs of study authorized under the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et. seq), that support the strategy identified in the state plan under section 102(b)(1)(E). [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(2)]

The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Area is a system of core and non-core partners who work towards common goals. The delivery system partners include Western Arkansas Employment Development Agency providing Title I services to adults, dislocated workers, and youth, Arkansas Department of Workforce Services delivering services under Wagner-Peyser, three locations of Arkansas Department of Career Education that provide WIOA Title II services of adult education and family literacy, and Arkansas Vocational Rehabilitation Title I services as well as the Department of Human Services that provides Title I vocational services for the blind. Non-core programs that are also critical to the delivery system provide services such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program, Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker assistance, and Trade Adjustment Assistance. The delivery system coordinates services with Job Corp, AARP, and various veteran services as well. Not all providers are within each workforce center, but the board and One-Stop operator facilitate regular communication and meetings.
among all partners and as new technologies become available through the state or other means shares this out to the delivery system.

The Workforce center is expected to be a one-stop solution for job seekers and regional businesses with the overarching goal of improving community prosperity. The primary and satellite Workforce centers are committed to be a community resource and provide excellent customer service. The Western Arkansas Workforce Development system understands that to provide a complete menu of services that support the entire region, partners must collaborate on common goals. Services are delivered in a comprehensive One-Stop center, through partner connections and affiliate sites. Services are also made available virtually at these sites to insure no one walks without assistance or information to gainful employment.

Building strategic partnerships and designing innovative workforce solutions, will create a pipeline of skilled and talented workers to support regional employers. The system needs to be adaptive as to provide life changing opportunities and economic stability to the citizens we serve. Targeted employment services help job seekers via career pathways, skills updates and work-related training. These programs provided through partner specific criteria increase employability, retention and long-term earning potential. Continuous improvement will be necessary to create the seamless integration of partner services that will minimize overlapping of services. In developing the talent pipeline, the board and system also work closely with educational institutions including University of Arkansas at Fort Smith, Arkansas Tech University – Ozark campus, and Rich Mountain Community College.

To this end the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board will provide oversight of the local delivery of systems. The local board will coordinate work with the core programs through a referral process that ensures an individual seeking services is made aware of the available core program services. The board and staff will regularly monitor planned service provisions to meet reasonable performance measures in the region. The board will also provide research and cultivate partnerships across private sector, public and non-profit organizations to insure an understanding of industry need, which will provide jobs for seekers.

3.3 Describe how the local board, working with the entities carrying out core programs, will expand access to employment, training, education, and supportive services for eligible individuals, particularly eligible individuals with barriers to employment, including how the local board will facilitate the development of career pathways and co-enrollment, as appropriate, in core programs, and improve access to activities leading to a recognized postsecondary credential (including a credential that is an industry-recognized certificate or certification, portable, and stackable). [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(3)]

Workforce center staff will review the individual’s needs to determine what programs may provide the appropriate services and then refer that individual. Perform outreach to targeted populations, increase referrals between system partners, coordination with colleges on career pathways. By driving sector partnerships and community roundtables, the board will assist the system partners in understanding the needs of industry in the region. Promoting the requirements shared by business partners to create curriculum in the regions education system with a focus on skills that will allow job seekers to continue on a path to livable wages and economic prosperity. These career pathways can connect through the traditional education
system, pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship opportunities, and other non-traditional training services. Aligning services means removing partner boundaries and understanding that shared information and customers will allow the system to transform so that every Arkansan that want a job can get a meaningful job. The system will work together to overcome individual agendas to make the focus for the community’s greater good.

3.4 Identify and describe (for each category below) the strategies and services that are and/or will be used to:

A. Facilitate engagement of employers, including small employers and employers in in-demand industry sectors and occupations, in workforce development programs in addition to targeted sector strategies;

Western is conducting business forums throughout the area, with an emphasis on small business and workforce needs. The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board will engage targeted industries via business forum format and develop sector partnerships. The sector partnerships will define critical occupations and the skills needed for those occupations. The sector partnerships will then engage with training institutions to develop training to satisfy identified needs. The board has begun securing data to provide value to local businesses with a focus on demand industries and occupations. The board has become more educated on sector strategies through the assistance of Maher and Maher as well as the information services of the Institute for Economic Advancement at University of Arkansas, Little Rock. With these tools and the work of the local workforce system’s business outreach team the area will improve the employability of the labor pool while focusing on the needs of the region’s industries.

B. Support a local workforce development system that meets the needs of businesses;

Improved outreach to the regions businesses of the full array of services at the Arkansas Workforce Centers through business services, outreach, job fairs, and expos, open house at workforce centers, apprenticeships, on-the-job training, and work-based learning are ways that the local workforce development system may meet the needs of businesses. The area needs will be identified through sector partnerships with demand industry partners. This endeavor requires time and trust to build, but through continued outreach, utilizing the relationships of workforce system partners and regional Chief Elected Officials will net benefit to the area’s business community and overall economy.

C. Better coordinate workforce development programs and economic development;

The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board will leverage resources with the Western Arkansas Planning and Development District by participating in community outreach events. They will also work with Chambers of Commerce, Arkansas Economic Development Commission staff, and economic developers throughout the region. Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board recognizes economic and workforce developments are interdependent, and that job placement activities must coincide with job creation activities. It is crucial to include the private sector in the decision-making process, and all decisions pertaining to training programs must be data driven.
We will work with our partner agencies to inform the business community on what services each of our partner agencies can provide to support, build, and maintain their workforce. The goal is to employ the strategies mentioned above like on-the-job training, apprenticeship training, educational training, support services, job fairs, and technical assistance. We do currently partner towards this end. Through Adult Education, we can ensure that the appropriate level of reading, writing, and math skills apply to entry-level position. Through Workforce and Vocational Rehabilitation, we can target advanced training requirements. Vocational Rehabilitation will also provide assistive technology technical assistance, devices, or services as appropriate.

D. Strengthen linkages between the One-Stop delivery system and unemployment insurance programs.

This may include the implementation of initiatives such as incumbent worker training programs, on-the-job training programs, work-based learning programs, apprenticeship models, customized training programs, industry and sector strategies, career pathways initiatives, utilization of effective business intermediaries, and other business services and strategies that support the local board’s strategy in element 3.1. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(4)(A) & (B)].

Unemployment Insurance is co-located in all Western Workforce Centers. Partners at the workforce centers routinely meet to discuss better methods of serving customers, including unemployed individuals.

3.5 Describe local and regional efforts to support and/or promote entrepreneurial skills training and microenterprise services, in coordination with economic development and other partners. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(5)]

The Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board (WAWDB) will continue to build partnerships with the Small Business Administration (SBA), Arkansas Small Business and Technology Development Center (ASBTDC), The Innovation Hub, and initiatives fostered through the University of Arkansas at Fort Smith to connect clients who wish to open their own business with partners who provide those specific services. By building relationships with Small Business Administration and Arkansas Small Business and Technology Development Center, the WAWDB will be able to assist small enterprises with their specific workforce needs. Many small and medium firms do not have the resources to train staff. The WAWDB through the Business Services team, Western Arkansas Planning and Development District and WIOA can link jobseekers to small business employment opportunities.

3.6 Describe how the local board coordinates education and workforce investment activities with relevant secondary and postsecondary education programs and activities to coordinate strategies, enhance services, and avoid duplication of services. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(10)]

The local board will coordinate education and workforce investment activities with secondary and postsecondary education programs and activities through input at partner meetings. There is also collaboration between the board, secondary and postsecondary education programs providing services to the youth.
3.7 Describe efforts to coordinate supportive services provided through workforce investment activities in the local area, including facilitating transportation for customers. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(11)]

All supportive services will be coordinated through the core programs as well as other resources available. Supportive services are coordinated based on program eligibility, the economic need thresholds of the partner agencies, and the availability of program funds. Title 1 Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth services provide supportive services such as transportation assistance, child care assistance, needs related payments, and other supportive services (tools and equipment, uniforms, and other clothing), to job seekers to assist in obtaining and retaining employment. Through assessments and evaluations, Career Planners determine the needs of each participant and create an Individual Employment Plan to address the identified barriers. Transportation assistance is provided in the form of reimbursement or contracted public transportation, when available. Child Care assistance is provided through vouchers to state approved childcare agencies. Needs Related Payments are provided through a stipend. Referrals to partner agencies are made to ensure the participants are receiving the optimal services to meet the individual’s need.

Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are mandated to research and apply all comparable benefits for services from other resources prior to applying vocational rehabilitation funds. The supportive services provided by Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and the Division of Services for the Blind are arranged and coordinated according to an individual plan for employment which specifies a career goal and the areas that the individual may need supports to reach that goal. The supports needed are determined through assessments, evaluations, as well as the analysis and application of state and federal regulations and policies. The following supportive services are assessed, evaluated, and analyzed for applicability and comparable services/similar benefits to each individual case: maintenance assistance to participate in employment or training that leads to employment, personal care attendant services, physical and mental restoration services, rehabilitation engineering, rehabilitation technology, and transportation to participate in employment or training activities. These support services are time limited and must accompany a substantial service that is directly related to obtaining or maintaining employment. The most frequently applied comparable resources come from sources outside of the core partner agencies. For example, tuition assistance in the form of grant funding, housing assistance from Housing and Urban Development, the individual’s own medical insurance must first be applied to physical and mental restoration services.

Adult Education provides referrals to Career Pathways at local community colleges, career assessments, Career Coach assistance, job readiness /soft skills training, and educational and career goal planning. Career Pathways provides assistance with childcare, transportation, tuition, and materials. Each adult education center has a local service directory that is utilized for student support services. Supportive services such as transportation, daycare, etc. are coordinated with partner agencies through participant referrals. Adult Education and Arkansas Rehabilitation Services partner to help provide individuals with disabilities access to services, diagnosis and evaluations of capabilities and limitations; guidance and counseling; assistive technologies; and job placement.
3.8 Describe strategies to implement the operational goals of the local One-Stop system, maximizing coordination of services provided by the state’s employment services under the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.), and the local board’s service providers in order to improve services and avoid duplication. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(12)]

Wagner-Peyser staff and the Adult/Dislocated Worker and Youth provider staff are co-located in all the Workforce Centers, which simplifies the process. Central to WIOA is the integration of service delivery among multiple workforce and talent development programs. Western has strong partnerships among state agencies, community colleges, economic development, and community-based organizations. A priority of the local board and central to the implementation of the strategic plan is to prevent and eliminate duplication across programs and align core programs.

Alignment of core and optional programs are executed via the following strategies:

- Reflect Robust Partnerships – Reflect the establishment of robust partnerships among partners. The One-Stop operator facilitates an integrated, co-located partnership that seamlessly incorporates services of the core partners and other workforce center partners. They have regular partner meetings.
- Organize Service by Function – Organize and integrate services by function (rather than by program); when permitted by a program’s authorizing statute and as appropriate, and by coordinating staff communication, capacity building and training efforts. Functional alignment includes having workforce center staff that is cross-trained to serve all customers seamlessly (including target populations) by providing a full range of services staffed by cross-functional teams, consistent with the purpose, scope and requirements of each program.

3.9 Describe how the local board will carry out a review of local applications submitted under WIOA Title II Adult Education and Literacy, consistent with the local plan (as described in WIOA Sec. 107(d)(11) and WIOA Sec. 232). [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(13)]

A function of local workforce boards, identified under section 107(d)(11) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA), is to coordinate local workforce activities with education and training providers, including providers of adult education and literacy activities under Title II of WIOA. The coordination of education and training activities includes the review of applications for providing adult education and literacy activities submitted to the Department of Career Education, Adult Education Division for funding under Title II. Local board review of Title II applications is to ensure that applications for providing adult education and literacy activities are consistent with local workforce board plans (WIOA, 107(d)(11)(B)(i)(I)). If a local workforce board determines that an application is not consistent with the local workforce board plan, the local workforce board shall make recommendations to the eligible provider that “promote” alignment of the application to the local plan (WIOA, 107(d)(11)(B)(i)(II)). Local workforce boards are not responsible for approving or denying applications submitted under Title II of WIOA. However, they are expected to evaluate the extent to which an application submitted under Title II addresses the requirements of the local plan developed in accordance with WIOA (WIOA, 108(b)(13)).
The board committee received the application on February 28th. Each committee member independently reviewed and scored the 5 applications received from the Arkansas Department of Career Education. The committee met on March 6th to discuss the merits of each application per the provided rubric and a consolidated score was given. The committee presented the information to the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board minus those representing an applicant on March 8th. The consolidated score sheets were submitted to the Arkansas Department of Career Education.

3.10 Based on the analysis described in Appendix B - Section 1, identify the industries where a sector partnership is currently being convened in the local area or where there will be an attempt to convene a sector partnership and the timeframe. Categorize the sector partnerships as active, emerging, or exploring as defined below.

- **Active**
  - Has a clear coordinator, convener, or convening team;
  - Is led by industry as demonstrated by private sector members playing leadership roles;
  - Has broad industry engagement as demonstrated by industry members attending meetings, partnering on activities, providing in-kind or financial resources, or similar;
  - Includes critical and engaged partners across programs from workforce development;
  - Can demonstrate that the partnership is not “just a workforce thing,” “just an economic development thing,” or “just an education thing.”;
  - Operates in a true labor market region, not within the confines of a workforce area or other geopolitical boundaries;
  - Operates under some kind of shared strategic plan, road map, etc.;
  - Can demonstrate clearly identified priorities and an action plan, be able to demonstrate recent or current activities, services or products that are a direct outcome of the partnership.

- **Emerging**
  - Has at least an interim coordinator, convener, or convening team;
  - Has engaged at least one private sector champion to help drive the launch and implementation of a sector partnership;
  - Includes individuals from workforce development, education, economic development and other programs or organizations in strategic partner roles;
  - Actively working to implement strategic priorities outlined in a launch meeting.

- **Exploring**
  - Is in the infancy stage, but actively considering or planning the preparation needed to launch a partnership;
  - Working to identify partners who would be involved;
  - Determining if the partnership really makes sense for the community.
Western Arkansas Regional & Local Plans PY 2016-19

- Healthcare, emerging and ongoing
- Retail Services, exploring
- Advanced Manufacturing, emerging and ongoing
- Information Technology, emerging and ongoing
- Transportation and Logistics, emerging and ongoing

Early in 2015 a committee met to begin forming a partnership in healthcare. There was limited success with contact made with one local hospital. The limited data available hampered further meetings. It is intended that the business outreach team will develop relationships with each of the three local hospitals working with the University of Arkansas, Fort Smith. Based on data and analysis the board will get from the Institute of Economic Advancement (IEA) this sector could be pursued again in 2018. Efforts will be made to include ATU-Ozark and Arkansas College of Osteopathic Medicine to offer training and resources to meet the health occupation needs in Western Arkansas.

Several board members are working to stimulate partnerships in advanced manufacturing. This is also a sector in need of skilled labor though the demand is there the job growth is low and data is very limited. This is also expected to change with the acquired services IEA.

Information technology has been served in the past, but due to layoffs at Golden Living the demand for training and services in this sector do not warrant much activity on the part of the workforce system. The system is working to re-employ these citizens in cooperation with the Governor’s Dislocated Workers Taskforce in the Western Arkansas area to minimize the impact to their lives and the communities they support.

Transportation and logistics are an ongoing effort with the local institutions of higher education at the forefront. Programs have been designed with input from local companies like USA Truck and ArcBest to help fulfill current and future needs particularly in CDL certification.

The board has begun exploring the predominant employment need in the area centered on the restaurant, hospitality, and retail trades. Though these are typically low wage, entry positions there is evidence that new entrants to the workplace gain opportunities to advance and even base skills that translate or allow access to unrelated fields. With living wage and economic stability being regional initiatives options like apprenticeship, on-the-job training, and work experience may be an option pursued by the local system.

3.11 Does the local board currently leverage or have oversight of funding outside of WIOA Title I funding to support the local workforce development system? Briefly describe the additional funding and how it will impact the local system. If the local board does not currently have oversight of additional funding, describe any plans to pursue them.

The board currently leverages and has oversight of funding outside WIOA Title I. Additional funding includes National Emergency Grants that focus on community recovery from events like disastrous weather or a significant layoff. Department of Labor Discretionary Grants provides support to initiate innovative projects like those that bring value to industry to collaborate on workforce development. The Promoting Readiness of Minors in Supplemental
Security Income (PROMISE) Grant serves youth with disabilities receiving Supplemental Security Income providing them with the experience to work and learn skills employers value. The intent of this experience is that employing people equals employment outcomes. This grant is expected to end in September of 2018, which will be the final summer for this grant. Leverage resources include WAPDD community and economic development funds for joint projects. With a more holistic community approach, the workforce system will look to partner with community outreach organizations. We will also apply for future opportunity grants as they become available.

Section 4: Program Design and Evaluation

4.1 Describe the One-Stop delivery system in the local area including:

A. The local board’s efforts to ensure the continuous improvement of eligible providers of services, including contracted service providers and providers on the eligible training provider list, and ensure that such providers meet the employment needs of local employers, workers and jobseekers. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(6)(A)]

The board ensures continuous improvement by monitoring of contracted service providers and review and evaluation of eligible training providers and applications closely to ensure that the training provided is meeting the needs of employers and that employers are hiring from those training programs, additionally meeting with the educational institutions to ensure needs are understood and conveyed on an ongoing basis. The board will also use a report created by the Arkansas Research Center for the Department of Workforce Services pursuant to Act 852 of 2105 which provides Employment and Earnings Outcomes for Arkansas graduates of state supported higher learning institutions


B. How the local board will facilitate access to services provided through the One-Stop delivery system in remote areas, using technology, and through other means. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(6)(B)]

Two Workforce Centers cover the six counties that make up the workforce development area. Access to a Center may be limited in very remote areas. In these cases, staff will travel to work with participants and employers on an as needed basis. Arkansas Job Link is the state’s technology system that allows participants and employers to access many services on a self-serve basis as well as in Centers. As technology continues to evolve, Western will continue to utilize it to reach out and serve participants and employers alike. As needed, the Arkansas Mobile Workforce Unit is available. The board is also seeking to establish a workforce system portal utilizing the most current web technologies for ease of use by business and job seeking customers.

C. How entities within the One-Stop delivery system, including One-Stop operators and the One-Stop partners, will comply with WIOA section 188, and applicable provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 regarding the physical and programmatic
accessibility of facilities, programs and services, technology, and materials for individuals with disabilities, including providing staff training and support for addressing the needs of persons with disabilities. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(6)(C)]

Western Workforce Development system will comply with WIOA section 188 by ensuring accessibility of facilities, programs and services, technology, and materials for persons with disabilities by providing staff training and support by Arkansas Rehabilitation Services and Services for the Blind. Periodic monitoring and reports to the local workforce board will be directed by the Services to Persons with Disabilities committee to insure compliance. Western Arkansas Workforce Centers provide the magnification software MAGic and Jobs Access with Speech (JAWS). JAWS computers are designed for visually impaired individuals to gain access to job services. These systems are available in both comprehensive and affiliate sites.

D. List all required and optional program partners; indicate the program(s) each partner provides and the physical location where the program(s) can be accessed. Describe the roles and resource contributions of the partners. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(6)(D)]

The required partners for the Western Arkansas Workforce Delivery Area are Adult Education, Title I (Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth Services), DWS – Employment Services, and Arkansas Rehabilitation. Arkansas Community Corrections has been a significant partner in the Western area by providing referrals through the Alternative Sentencing Program.

Adult Education provides many services to assist individuals in preparation for employment, such as: GED, TABE, WAGE certification, CRC certification, pre-employability skills training, and ESL classes.

Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth provide services to individuals through basic career services, individualized career services, and training services. Title I assists clients in paying for training costs, as well as supportive services to alleviate barriers to employment.

Department of Workforce Services (DWS) provides employment services through Unemployment Insurance and Job Services for those individuals working towards re-entry into the workforce. DWS also provides Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) to help decrease the burden of living expenses.

Arkansas Rehabilitation offers services to people with disabilities, and provides them with the appropriate accommodations to be successful in the workforce. They also provide training assistance to those who are seeking an education and qualify for their services.

E. Describe how the workforce centers are implementing and transitioning to an integrated technology enabled intake and case management information system for core programs [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(21)]

Our local area advocates and supports an integrated information system at the state and local level that would allow entities that carry out core programs to better coordinate service delivery.
for mutual customers and cross program referrals. Currently, all DOL-funded partner programs utilize Arkansas Job Link (AJL) as a technology platform. The state is exploring information technology options that will assist in the transitioning to an integrated common intake component which acts as the front end to the state’s workforce programs. Until such an option exists, our workforce center staff maximizes the utilization of currently available technology to consolidate, streamline services and enhance the overall customer experience.

Western Arkansas intends to participate with partners as integrated case management systems are developed that insure secure customer service throughout the customer’s interaction with the integrated system. The area seeks to utilize systems allowing information collected from customers at intake to be captured once. Customer information is properly secured in accordance with personally identifiable information guidelines, and facilitated as appropriate, with the necessary memoranda of understanding or other forms of confidentiality and data sharing agreements, consistent with federal and state privacy laws and regulations. Data, however, would be shared with other programs, for those programs’ purposes, within the workforce system only after the informed written consent of the individual has been obtained, where required.

4.2 **Describe the local board’s assessment of the type and availability of adult and dislocated worker employment and training activities in the local area.** [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(7)]

The local board follows the WIOA Act in determining the type of employment and training activities that may be provided to adults and dislocated workers. Through coordinated efforts of the area partner’s business outreach team, college campuses, and other eligible training providers listed on the Arkansas Consumer Report System the region has sufficient training providers available to meet the needs of the participants. Basic Career services and Individualized Career Services, Work Experience, On-the-Job Training, Registered Apprenticeship, partner with the schools for occupational skills, provide supportive services such as transportation, housing and child care, Individual Training Account’s, job search, labor market information, career counseling.

Examples of industry outreach and interaction are illustrated through the specialized training University of Arkansas, Fort Smith created to provide unique training to workers laid-off after the Whirlpool plant closure in Fort Smith. Participants were offered training in modern manufacturing skills with a curriculum established from request of local industry leader. ATU-Ozark establishes skills certification training based upon request from industries in need of qualified labor. Cooperative efforts of the region’s Adult Education Centers and the Building Association have created apprenticeship-training opportunities in demand construction trades. These are examples of recent efforts. The sector partnerships which are now being built to establish a stronger bond with the region’s businesses will allow the area to provide a business demand approach to help put more participants to work quicker while solidifying the economic base at the same time.

4.3 **Describe how the local board will coordinate workforce investment activities carried out in the local area with statewide rapid response activities.** [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(8)]

Rapid Response is an early intervention designed to coordinate transitional services at the earliest point possible for employers and workers affected by mass layoffs or plant closure.
Rapid Response works closely with the local workforce development board and local elected officials in adversely affected areas to ensure that dislocated workers receive program information and services. More program information is available at the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services [http://www.arkansas.gov/esd/Programs/GDWTF/index.htm](http://www.arkansas.gov/esd/Programs/GDWTF/index.htm).

The Governor's Dislocated Worker Task Force is responsible for the statewide rapid response and layoff aversion activities. Immediately upon receiving notice of a closure or workforce reduction, the Task Force contacts company officials. A community meeting is scheduled with elected officials and business leaders to create action plans to assist both the community and dislocated workers. To avoid duplication and confusion, local Arkansas Workforce Center staff does not initiate contact with an employer regarding a layoff without first speaking with the Task Force Coordinator.

The Governor's Dislocated Worker Task Force team may conduct a worker assistance workshop, to be attended by representatives of local and state agencies and affected workers to review available resources. Services and needs discussed at the workshop may include retraining and educational opportunities, unemployment insurance, social service programs, credit counseling, insurance options and resources to find a new job.

The Task Force Coordinator also serves as the liaison to the local chambers of commerce in the area. Information is provided to them about the affected workers, including their occupations and their educational and skill levels. The local Arkansas Workforce Center staff builds on the services provided through the Governors Dislocated Worker Task Force by providing information and services to the affected employees.

Dislocated workers are given a full array of services through the Arkansas Workforce Center partnership and community organizations.

State and local WIOA partners will continue to build and maintain relationships with the business community to help with early warning of potential layoffs and promote early intervention. Together, the following services will be provided:

- Layoff aversion activities
- Immediate and on-site contact with employers and local community representatives
- Assessment and planning to address the layoff schedule, assistance needs of impacted workers, re-employment prospects, and available resources
- Information and access to unemployment compensation benefits and programs; Arkansas Workforce Center services; and employment and training activities, including Trade Act, Pell Grants, GI Bill, and the WIOA Dislocated Worker Program
- Necessary services and resources, such as workshops, resource and job fairs to support re-employment assistance
- Trade Act petition services through the Governors Dislocated Worker Task Force
4.4 Describe the local board’s assessment of the type and availability of youth workforce activities, including activities for youth with disabilities. Identify successful models and best practices for youth workforce activities relevant to the local area. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(9)]

Note: This section must include a description of the program design elements as well as how the local area will implement the 14 program elements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WIOA Youth Program Elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Element</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Tutoring, study skills training and instruction leading to high school completion, including dropout prevention strategies. Dropout prevention strategies can include, but are not limited to, placement in an alternative secondary school services setting, facilitating involvement of families and community, taking an individualized approach based on youth’s individual needs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Alternative secondary school services which offer specialized, structured curriculum inside or outside of the public-school system which may provide work, study and/or academic intervention for students with behavior problems, physical/mental disabilities, who are at risk of dropping out, and/or who are institutionalized or adjudicated youth. Or, dropout recovery services through Adult Education facilities, which allow youth to gain their High School Equivalency Diploma.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 3. Education offered concurrently with workforce preparation and training for a specific occupation – an integrated education model using workforce preparation activities, basic academic skills, and hands-on occupational skills training to assist youth with their goals. | Participants will prepare for employment opportunities through the provision of various services including, but not limited to:  
· basic skill remediation;  
· supervised work experiences;  
· pre-employment abilities such as career planning, resume preparation, use of labor market information, completing applications, and interviewing skills attainment;  
· attainment of core  
· employability/work maturity skills such as dependability, honesty, problem solving skills, initiative, enthusiasm, team player;  
· interpersonal skills, appearance, leadership, and cultural sensitivity. emphasis on jobs in in-demand and emerging industries; |
4. **Paid and unpaid work experiences, including internships and job shadowing** are short-term, planned, structured learning experiences that occur in a workplace and are focused on career exploration and the development of work readiness skills. The primary purpose of work experiences is to expose youth to the requirements of work and to employer’s expectations. An employer may benefit from the work done by a youth, but the primary benefit must be to the youth.

| Work opportunities with an emphasis on jobs in in-demand and emerging industries, Arkansas Rehabilitation Services (ARS) and the Division of Services for the Blind (DSB) have youth programs for youth with disabilities that focus on employment. ARS and DSB have Supported Employment program models that are appropriate for youth with disabilities and the Pre-Employment Transition Program, which serves youth that are also students in an educational program from ages 16 to 21 in the state of Arkansas. The Supported Employment model provides job placement assistance, on-the-job supports and job coaching through a third-party vendor that is qualified and monitored through ARS or DSB. Regular meetings and updates are built into this program model. With the Pre-Employment Transition model ARS and DSB provide 5 core services to youth that are students. These services include: self-advocacy, work readiness, work-based learning, counseling on opportunities in post-secondary training, and job exploration. These services can be arranged through 3rd party vendors, schools, or directly through ARS counselors. This program is qualified and monitored by ARS or DSB staff. Additionally, ARS offers a summer work program on the campus of the Arkansas Career Training Institute (ACTI) that will train students in work readiness skills and assist them with work based learning while on the campus; |

| Occupational skills training constitutes an organized program of study that provides specific vocational skills that lead to proficiency in performing actual tasks and technical functions required by certain occupational fields at entry, intermediate, or advanced levels. These include programs that lead to the attainment of a certificate or credential, participation in Job Corps, apprenticeship programs, and training programs that provide skills necessary to enter or advance in a specific occupation. |

| Enrollment into programs that provide recognized degrees, certifications, or marketable skills for in-demand and emerging occupations. ARS and DSB provide occupational skills training to youth with disabilities by arranging for or directly providing financial resources and assistance with entering a training program. Additionally, the Arkansas Career Training Institute (ACTI) offers a variety of occupational skills trainings that can be provided on campus to eligible applicants. Registered Apprenticeship is also a viable career option. Registered Apprenticeship is an employer-driven model that combines on-the-job training with related classroom instruction that increases an |
|   | Leadership development opportunities, which include community service and peer-centered activities that encourage responsibility, employability, and other positive social behaviors. Examples include community volunteering, peer mentoring or tutoring, character education, citizenship education, including how and why to vote, serving on a youth council, community or advocacy organization board, leadership training consisting of how to work in a team, how to run meetings, diversity training, and life skills training such as parent education, financial education, goal setting and conflict resolution. | Participation in community service learning projects, peer centered activities, teambuilding, life-skills training, healthy lifestyle choices. Pre-Employment Transition Program is offered through ARS. DSB provides soft skills training which includes a focus on social behaviors intended to enhance the development of employment skills for transition age youth by fostering the knowledge and growth of independent living skills, communication, and interpersonal skills to gain understanding of employer expectations related to timeliness and performance on the job. ARS will provide or coordinate services students with disabilities offers the Youth Leadership Forum on the campus of the University of Central Arkansas, which is open to youth with disabilities and designed to foster leadership skills. This is part of a nationwide effort to join youth with disabilities and promote empowerment. |
|   | Adult mentoring for a duration of at least 12 months; this service may occur during program participation or during the Follow-up period. Adult mentoring is a one-to-one supportive relationship between an adult and a youth that is based on trust. High-quality adult mentoring programs include an adult role model who builds a working relationship with a youth and who fosters the development of positive life skills in youth. | Referral to community, faith based, and other organizations to provide one-on-one encouragement and direction. Employers sponsoring Registered Apprenticeship programs can mentor WIOA eligible youth hired as apprentices; |
|   | Supportive services to enable an individual to participate in WIOA youth program activities. These may include, but are not limited to, housing, meals, medical care, day care, transportation, school related supplies, training related supplies, etc. | Assistance with transportation, childcare, clothing, supplies, and related needs. ARS and DSB can arrange for supportive services as related to the employment goal of the individual; |
|   | Follow-up services include activities after completion of participation to monitor youths’ success during their transition to employment and further education and to provide assistance as needed for a successful transition. Follow-up services must be provided for not less than 12 months after obtaining employment and/or completion of participation. | Frequent interaction, including guidance and counseling, support services, and other assistance for at least 12 months after exit; |
|   | Comprehensive guidance and counseling to help youth make and implement informed educational, occupational, and life choices. It includes imparting skills through counselor-directed learning opportunities that help youth achieve success through academic, career, personal, and social development. | Career counseling will be an integral part of youth programming and provide the basis for individual employment plans; |
11. Financial literacy education to help youth gain the skills needed to create household budgets, initiate savings plans, and make informed financial decisions about education, retirement, home ownership, wealth building, or other savings goals. An example of financial literacy education is the FDIC approved Money Smart curriculum. Financial literacy education is supported by activities such as partnerships with financial institutions and to provide workshops at the local One-Stop.

12. Entrepreneurial skills training including the use of curriculum based training modules that teach youth the value of being skilled and applying those skills to meet a consumer need or demand; to think creatively and critically; to problem solve; how to recognize opportunities, and other skills related to entrepreneurialism. Entrepreneurial skills training is supported by activities such as partnerships with economic development agencies and referrals to business development organizations.

13. Services that provide career awareness, career counseling, and career exploration by using labor market and employment information about in-demand industry sectors or occupations available in the local area. Workshops and other services that prepare youth for careers in demand and/or emerging occupations. Information is provided in the local One-Stops or on-line systems such as the Arkansas Job Link. Information about in-demand industry sectors or occupations is available in areas, such as career awareness, career counseling, and career exploration services.

14. Activities that help youth prepare for and transition to post-secondary education and training includes the delivery of activities listed within the 14 WIOA program elements and other activities that provide exposure to post-secondary education options; assisting youth with placement into post-secondary education; and placement into training opportunities such as apprenticeships and occupational training. Individual guidance and counseling, including career pathway discussion; assistance with applications for FAFSA; and referral to enrollment and career counseling services at Post-secondary institutions, Youth with disabilities that are receiving educational training can receive Pre-Employment Transition Services through ARS or DSB. One of the core component areas is counseling and guidance on post-secondary opportunities. This service can include exploration of available options, applying to schools, arranging for financial aid and supports to participate in the training.

4.5 Describe local board actions to become and/or remain a high-performing local board, consistent with the factors developed by the Arkansas Workforce Development Board. These factors have not been determined but will include effectiveness and continuous improvement criteria for local boards. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(18)]

The local board will continuously monitor the programs to ensure compliance with the laws and performance measures are met. Board members should have a complete understanding of their role and inventory its own resources. Policies and procedures should be in place. The board should carry out analyses of the economic conditions in the region, needed knowledge and skills for the region, the workforce in the region and workforce development activities and regularly update this information.

Rick Maher provided board member training on April 27, 2016 in Little Rock. The board worked through the basics of how to become a strategic rather than tactical board. Maher and
Maher have provided additional webinars and training to board directors to continue the development process.

4.6 Describe how training services will be provided in accordance with WIOA Sec. 134(c)(3)(G), the process and criteria for issuing individual training accounts. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(19)]

Training services will be provided to eligible participants and will include on-the-job training, work experience, apprenticeship, classroom training, customized training or incumbent worker training.

The individual training accounts (ITA) system is used by participants who are eligible for training services and choose to attend training. A career coach uses the ITA request form to determine a participant’s financial need. The individual selects the course of study from the eligible training provider list. The individual must have made application and have received determination from other funding sources and present the award letter to the career specialist to show the monetary amounts of unmet financial need. He/she must also present a statement of how much the family will be able to contribute to the cost of the training. Consideration of all available funds, excluding loans, will determine the person’s overall need for WIOA funding. The ITA may be used to cover expenses for tuition, books, fees, supplies, and/or tools. Employment/Training Advisors will make sure that there is no duplication of services.

The amount of monies available from all sources, the financial status of the family, and the potential of the applicant prior to a determination of qualification are also taken into consideration. If approved, the ITA is completed by the career coach. The Eligible Training Provider bills the WIOA Program each semester. ITA’s may be adjusted up or down based upon case necessity. ITA’s are not issued if the training program is not on the Arkansas Consumer Report System (ACRS) list.

4.7 If contracts for training services are used, describe processes utilized by the local board to ensure informed customer choice in the selection of training programs, regardless of how the training services are to be provided. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(19)]

The projected employment opportunities list is available to the customers for them to select a training program that is in demand. The Eligible Training Providers list is available online in all workforce centers. Participants approved for training through the ITA system must choose one of the approved programs to receive an ITA. Contracts may be used if it reflects a training program that is in demand.

4.8 Describe the process utilized by the local board to ensure that training provided is linked to in-demand industry sectors or occupations in the local area, or in another area to which a participant is willing to relocate. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(22)] and [WIOA Sec. 134(c)(3)(G)(iii)]

All training providers will complete an online electronic application through the automated Arkansas Consumer Reporting System. All training must be directly linked to employment opportunities either in the local area or in an area to which an individual is willing to relocate. Training for a participant that is paid by WIOA funds must be on the Projected Employment Opportunities List for the state or local area.
To be included on the Eligible Training Provider List (ETPL), providers must submit an electronic application to the local board for their approval. The providers and accepted training they offer are screened annually based upon the occupation demand list agreed upon by the state and Western’s board annually. The board will continually seek out training providers and programs based upon sector partnership recommendations as these partnerships are established. The board and system partners will also work one-on-one with companies seeking specialized training to grow in the region. The board is procuring services from Maher and Maher to assist in developing Sector Partnerships with demand industries/occupations. It is also procuring services, which can provide data, and analysis information that is more current on a county-by-county basis. This information will be processed and compared to the educational institutions in the region to evaluate future needs in training and services to meet demand of sector partners.

Adult Education can negotiate employer specific training as it relates to services available within Adult Education’s capabilities. This includes adult basic education and adult secondary education courses. Adult Education can accommodate such employer demands by providing courses on site at the employer’s location, providing specific on-demand basic education courses, providing flexible class schedules, assessments, etc. These services will be negotiated between the employer and Adult Education Director.

Section 5: Compliance

5.1 Describe the replicated cooperative agreements, as defined by WIOA 107(d)(11), in place between the local board and the Vocational Rehabilitation programs operated in the area with respect to efforts that will enhance the provision of services to persons with disabilities and to other individuals, such as cross training of staff, technical assistance, use and sharing of information, cooperative efforts with employers, and other efforts at cooperation, collaboration, and coordination. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(14)] Interagency agreements typically are memoranda of understanding. These will be developed by the state Transition Roundtable Policy Committee as part of the Workforce Certification document.

Local Arkansas Rehabilitation Services Field offices or other Arkansas Rehabilitation Services organizational units will replicate cooperative agreements in part or in whole with local divisions of Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act core programs. These may include the following:

- Provision of staff training and technical assistance regarding the availability and benefits of, and information on eligibility standards for, vocational rehabilitation services
- The promotion of equal, effective, and meaningful participation by persons with disabilities in workforce investment activities in the state through the promotion of program accessibility, the use of nondiscriminatory policies and procedures, and the provision of reasonable accommodations, auxiliary aids and services, and rehabilitation technology, for persons with disabilities
- Use of information and financial management systems that link all components of the statewide workforce development system, that link the components to other electronic networks, including nonvisual electronic networks, and that relate to such subjects as
employment statistics, and information on job vacancies, career planning, and workforce innovation and opportunity activities; use of customer service features such as common intake and referral procedures, customer databases, resource information, and human services hotlines

- Establishment of cooperative efforts with employers to facilitate job placement
- Carry out any other activities that the designated state unit and the employers determine to be appropriate; identification of staff roles, responsibilities, and available resources, and specification of the financial responsibility of each component of the statewide workforce investment system regarding paying for necessary services (consistent with state law and Federal requirements)
- Specification of procedures for resolving disputes among such components.

Development of these agreements at the local level must include the local manager (field office district manager or the top executive at the organizational units of Arkansas Rehabilitation Services). The agreement must be signed by the local manager, the supervising Senior Leader from Arkansas Rehabilitation Services, and the Commissioner of Arkansas Rehabilitation Services or his/her designee. Copies of the agreement will be maintained by the local manager and Chief Fiscal Officer of Arkansas Rehabilitation Services.

The local workforce board will assist in facilitating cooperation among the delivery system partners and their involvement in these agreements. The rehabilitation services committee will also provide oversight and report to the Western Arkansas Workforce Development Board any deficiencies in services among the partners. The board will work with partners to overcome issues and any issues they are unable to resolve will be forwarded to the state workforce board for further assistance.

5.2 Identify the entity responsible for the disbursement of grant funds as determined by the Chief Elected Official(s). [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(15)]

The Western CEO's have appointed the Western Arkansas Planning & Development District, Inc. as the administrator and fiscal agent for the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.

Dennis Williamson
1109 S. 16th St, Fort Smith, AR 72936
479-785-2651

5.3 Describe the competitive processes to award the subgrants and contracts for activities funded by WIOA Title I programs within the local area. This includes, but is not limited to, the process used to award funds to a One-Stop operator and other sub-recipients/contractors of WIOA Title I adult, dislocated worker, and youth services. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(16)]

The local board uses an RFP or RFQ process to award subgrants and contracts as outlined in Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Title I-B Financial, Procurement, Monitoring Policies & Procedures adopted by the board and approved by the Western Workforce Area Chief Elected Officials. The notice advertising the RFP or RFQ is placed in a statewide newspaper and on the Administrative Entity’s website. Additional media sources may be used. Each proposal submitted scored based on specific criteria. After the evaluation, the score of each
A proposal is presented to the full board. The board selects the provider based upon the specified criteria and presented to the chief elected officials for final approval.

The following addresses conflict of interest and is outlined in the policy mentioned in the previous paragraph. Each recipient shall ensure that no individual in a decision-making capacity, including board members, will engage in an activity, including participation in the selection, award, or administration of an award or contract supported by WIOA funds if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved. Such a conflict would arise when the individual, any member of the individual’s immediate family, the individual’s partner, or an organization that employs, or is about to employ, any of the above, has a financial or other interest in the firm or organizations selected for award.

5.4 Describe the local area’s negotiated local levels of performance for the federal measures and their implications upon the local workforce system; attach the completed Performance Targets Template. [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(17)]
(Note: Local performance measures for each local area will be the same as the state goals.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Western WIOA Performance Measures</th>
<th>Western PY16-PY17 Performance Goals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employment (Second Quarter after Exit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>82.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>77.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment (Fourth Quarter after Exit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>78.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>74.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>71.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median Earnings (Second Quarter after Exit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>$5842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>$6400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credential Attainment Rate</td>
<td>Negotiated Goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>75.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>75.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurable Skill Gains</td>
<td>Negotiated Goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effectiveness in Serving Employers</td>
<td>Negotiated Goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dislocated Worker</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>Baseline</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.5  Describe the indicators used by the local board to measure performance and effectiveness of the local fiscal
agent (where appropriate), eligible providers and the One-Stop delivery system, in the local area.  [WIOA
Sec. 108(b)(17)]
Local and state monitoring of the fiscal agent, Title I Service Provider and One-Stop Operator
will be conducted at least annually. The local board will be made aware of any issues or
concerns that may arise from the monitoring. Performance reports will be presented to the
board at the end of each program year for the board to approve/disapprove. The fiscal agent,
Title I service provider and One-Stop operator shall be audited on an annual basis. The board
will be presented the eligible training provider list and programs quarterly for their review and
approval.

5.6  Describe the process used by the local board for the receipt and consideration of input into the
development of the local plan in compliance with WIOA section 108(d). Describe the process to provide
an opportunity for public comment prior to submission of the local plan. Be sure to address how members
of the public, including representatives of business, labor organizations, and education were given an
opportunity to provide comments on the local plan.  [WIOA Sec. 108(b)(20)]
The Vision of the Arkansas Workforce Development Delivery System was shared at the March
2016 board meeting. This provided the board with overview of the Governor’s vision for the
system under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.

During the June 2016 meeting, the board was asked for input into the development of the local
plan. At the September 2016 meeting the guidance and template from Arkansas Department of
Workforce Services was shared with the board members and a request was made for input on
the development of the plan. A committee was formed to work on the plan. Much of the work
was performed via email and teleconference. An initial draft of the regional plan was forwarded
to the board volunteers for input and review. Further CEO input has been requested at the
December 2016 meeting and through review via email.

Workforce Center partners provided input into the plan at the ongoing partner meetings.
Businesses, labor organizations, partner agencies, educators, and economic developers from the
local area are all represented on the board and had the opportunity to comment.

5.7  Prior to the date on which the local board submits a proposed local plan, the proposed local plan must be
made available to members of the public through electronic and other means.

A.  Describe how the local board made the proposed local plan available for public comment.
    [WIOA Sec. 108(d)(1)];

A public notice ran in the Arkansas Democrat newspaper advising of a public comment period
of 30 days starting on December 1, 2016 on the proposed plan. It was also available via email
notification, online and at the Western Arkansas Planning & Development District office
physical address.

B.  Describe how the local board collected and considered public comments for inclusion in the
    proposed local plan. [WIOA Sec. 108(d)(2)]; and
There were no public comments received on the plan.

C. If any comments were received that represent disagreement with the proposed local plan, include such comments within the local plan’s attachments. [WIOA Sec. 108(d)(3)]

There were no public comments received on the plan.

5.8 List the name, organization, and contact information of the designated equal opportunity officer for each workforce center within the local area.

Harold Wilson
WAEDA
Arkansas Workforce Center at Fort Smith
616 Garrison Ave. Room 101, Fort Smith, AR 72901
(479) 783-0231
harold@waeda.org

Section 6: Plan Assurances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Planning Process and Public Comment</th>
<th>References</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.1 The local board has processes and timelines, consistent with WIOA Section 108(d), to obtain input into the development of the local plan and provide the opportunity for comment by representatives of business, labor organizations, education, other key stakeholders, and the public for a period that is no less than 30 days.</td>
<td>WIOA Sections 108(d); proposed 20 CFR 679.550(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.2 The final local plan is available and accessible to the public.</td>
<td>Proposed 20 CFR 679.550(b)(5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3 The local board has established procedures to ensure public access (including people with disabilities) to board meetings and information regarding board activities, such as board membership and minutes.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 107(e); proposed 20 CFR 679.390 and 679.550</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required Policies and Procedures</th>
<th>References</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.4 The local board makes publicly available any local requirements for the public workforce system, such as policies, including policies for the use of WIOA Title I funds.</td>
<td>Proposed 20 CFR 679.390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.5 The local board has established a written policy or procedure that identifies circumstances that might present conflict of interest for any local workforce investment board or entity that they represent, and provides for the resolution of conflicts.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 107(h); proposed 20 CFR 679.410(a)-(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.6 The local board has copies of memoranda of understanding between the local board and each One-Stop partner concerning the operation of the One-Stop delivery system in the local area, and has provided the state with the latest versions of its memoranda of understanding.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 121(c); proposed 20 CFR 678.500-510</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>The local board has written policy or procedures that ensure One-Stop operator agreements are reviewed and updated no less than once every three years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>The local board has negotiated and reached agreement on local performance measures with the local Chief Elected Official(s) and the Governor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>The local board has procurement policies and procedures for selecting One-Stop operators, awarding contracts under WIOA Title I Adult and Dislocated Worker funding provisions, and awarding contracts for Youth service provision under WIOA Title I in accordance with applicable state and local laws, rules, and regulations, provided no conflict exists with WIOA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.10</td>
<td>The local board has procedures for identifying and determining the eligibility of training providers and their programs to receive WIOA Title I individual training accounts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.11</td>
<td>The local board has written procedures for resolving grievances and complaints alleging violations of WIOA Title I regulations, grants, or other agreements under WIOA and written policies or procedures for assisting customers who express interest in filing complaints at any point of service, including, at a minimum, a requirement that all partners can identify appropriate staff contacts and refer customers to those contacts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.12</td>
<td>The local board has established at least one comprehensive, full-service One-Stop center and has a written process for the local Chief Elected Official and local board to determine that the center conforms to the definition therein.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.13</td>
<td>All partners in the local workforce and education system described in this plan ensure the physical, programmatic and communications accessibility of facilities, programs, services, technology and materials in One-Stop centers for persons with disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.14</td>
<td>The local board ensures that outreach is provided to populations and sub-populations who can benefit from One-Stop services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.15</td>
<td>The local board implements universal access to programs and activities to individuals through reasonable recruitment targeting, outreach efforts, assessments, service delivery, partner development, and numeric goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.16</td>
<td>The local board complies with the nondiscrimination provisions of Section 188, and assures that Methods of Administration were developed and implemented.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.17</td>
<td>The local board collects and maintains data necessary to show compliance with nondiscrimination provisions of Section 188.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.18</td>
<td>The local board complies with restrictions governing the use of federal funds for political activities, the use of the One-Stop environment for political activities, and the local board complies with the applicable certification and disclosure requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.19</td>
<td>The local board ensures that One-Stop Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker (MSFW) and business services staff, along with the Migrant and Seasonal Farm Worker program partner agency, will continue to provide services to agricultural employers and MSFWs that are demand-driven.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.20</td>
<td>The local board follows confidentiality requirements for wage and education records as required by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), as amended, WIOA, and applicable Departmental regulations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Administration of Funds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>References</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.21</td>
<td>The local board has a written policy and procedures to competitively award grants and contracts for WIOA Title I activities (or applicable federal waiver), including a process to be used to procure training services made as exceptions to the Individual Training Account process.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 108(b)(16); proposed 20 CFR 679.560(a)(15); WIOA Section 134(c)(3)(G); proposed 20 CFR 680.300-310</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.22</td>
<td>The local board has accounting systems that follow current Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and written fiscal-controls and fund-accounting procedures and ensures such procedures are followed to insure proper disbursement and accounting of WIOA adult, dislocated worker, and youth program funds.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 108(b)(15)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.23</td>
<td>The local board ensures compliance with the uniform administrative requirements under WIOA through annual, on-site monitoring of each local sub-recipient.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 184(a)(3); proposed 20 CFR 683.200, 683.300, and 683.400-410</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.24</td>
<td>The local board has a written debt collection policy and procedures that conforms with state and federal requirements and a process for maintaining a permanent record of all debt collection cases that supports the decisions made and documents the actions taken with respect to debt collection, restoration, or other debt resolution activities.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 184(c); 20 CFR Part 652; proposed 20 CFR 683.410(a), 683.420(a), 683.750</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.25</td>
<td>The local board will not use funds received under WIOA to assist, promote, or deter union organizing.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 181(b)(7); proposed 20 CFR 680.850</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.26</td>
<td>The local board has a written policy and procedures that ensure adequate and correct determinations of eligibility for WIOA-funded basic career services and qualifications for enrollment of adults, dislocated workers, and youth in WIOA-funded individualized career services and training services, consistent with state policy on eligibility and priority of service.</td>
<td>Proposed 20 CFR Part 680 Subparts A and B; proposed 20 CFR Part 681 Subpart A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.27</td>
<td>The local board has a written policy and procedures for awarding Individual Training Accounts to eligible adults, dislocated workers, and youth receiving WIOA Title I training services, including dollar and/or duration limit(s), limits on the number of times an individual may modify an ITA, and how ITAs will be obligated and authorized.</td>
<td>WIOA Section 134(c)(3)(G); Proposed 20 CFR 680.300-320</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.28</td>
<td>The local board has a written policy and procedures that establish internal controls, documentation requirements, and leveraging and coordination of other community resources when providing supportive services and, as applicable, needs-related payments to eligible adult, dislocated workers, and youth enrolled in WIOA Title I programs.</td>
<td>WIOA Sections 129(c)(2)(G) and 134(d)(2); proposed 20 CFR 680.900-970; proposed 20 CFR 681.570</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.29</td>
<td>The local board has a written policy for priority of service at its workforce centers for local workforce providers that ensures veterans and eligible spouses are identified at the point of entry, made aware of their entitlement to priority of service, and provided information on the array of employment, training and placement services and eligibility requirements for those programs or services.</td>
<td>Jobs for Veterans Act; Veterans’ Benefits, Health Care, and Information Technology Act; 20 CFR 1010; TEGL 10-09</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix C: Planning References and Resources

I. **State of Arkansas’s Combined Workforce Development Strategic Plan (State Plan)**

On July 22, 2014, President Obama signed the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) providing a framework for Governors and states to make changes to their workforce systems. The federal law sets the parameters for the workforce system, which is an integral part of the state’s ability to serve jobseekers and employers. WIOA will enable the state to align workforce priorities across multiple partners, training providers, employers and others to ensure we are creating a skilled workforce for today and the future.

An effective workforce development system will be built on a foundation of alignment, innovation, employer engagement, accountability structures and improved data. Arkansas will look beyond WIOA to set broad goals for a comprehensive workforce development system. We will do this by providing the highest quality of service to jobseekers and employers through well-coordinated approaches at the state and local levels. System access will be enhanced using technology and creative partnerships with community organizations and other service providers. While access will be improved for all jobseekers, the provision of services and training will be focused on those most in need and hardest to serve.

The four main goals in the state’s Combined WIOA Plan are as follows:

**Strategic Goal 1: Develop an efficient partnership with employers, the educational system, workforce development partners, and community-based organizations to deliver a platform that will prepare a skilled workforce for existing and new employers.**

**Goal 1 Objectives:**
1. Expand employer partnerships through the support of industry engagement.
2. Identify and promote best practices (private and public) for developing and sustaining partnerships.
3. Expand partnership with economic development to refine sector strategies.
4. Improve communication/participation between education entities, local and state boards, government agencies, community-based organizations, and employers.
5. Increase accountability and clarity of action between all workforce related boards.
6. Increase the utilization of Registered Apprenticeship programs as viable talent development opportunities.
7. Increase connections with employers and Vocational Rehabilitation agencies to provide support and employment for youth and adults with disabilities.
8. Partner with K-12 education, higher education, career and technical education, and adult education to provide consistent rules and eliminate barriers to implementing training programs around the state.
9. Explore data sharing opportunities with non-governmental organizations that are committed partners to the state’s workforce center system that will lead to improved intake, referral, and case management for customers served by multiple agencies (both public and private).
10. Expand small business participation.
Strategic Goal 2: Enhance service delivery to employers and jobseekers.

Goal 2 Objectives:
1. Develop a common intake process for jobseekers and businesses that will efficiently connect them with services available from all workforce development partner programs and identify any barriers to employment that need to be addressed.
2. Develop an integrated data system that will enable the sharing of information between partner agencies to more efficiently service both employers and jobseekers.
3. Promote training that leads to industry recognized credentials and certification.
5. Support career pathways development and sector strategy initiatives as a way to meet business and industry needs.
6. Expand service delivery access points by the use of virtual services.
7. Develop a common business outreach strategy with a common message that will be utilized by all workforce system partners.
8. Develop a menu of services available at each service delivery access point that provides a list of the services and training opportunities available through Arkansas’s talent development system.
9. Utilize customer satisfaction surveys to ensure continuous improvement of the state’s talent development system.
10. Explore data sharing opportunities with non-governmental organizations that are committed partners to the state’s workforce center system that will lead to improved intake, referral, and case management for customers served by multiple agencies (both public and private).

Strategic Goal 3: Increase awareness of the state’s Talent Development System

Goal 3 Objectives:
1. Increase access to the workforce development system through a “No Wrong Door” approach to services.
2. Change employer and jobseeker perceptions of the workforce system.
3. Develop an image-building outreach campaign that educates Arkansans about the services and the career development opportunities available in the state.
4. Utilize technology, including social media and search engine optimization, to better connect jobseekers and employers with the talent development system in Arkansas.
5. Develop a user-friendly website that provides a common repository of information about career development opportunities that are relevant to K-12 education, parents, educators, adults, employers, government agencies, and the public.

Strategic Goal 4: Address Skills Gaps

Goal 4 Objectives:
1. Conduct a statewide skills and asset analysis to determine the skills gap present and resources available to solve the skills issue.
2. Develop and implement an action plan to close the basic core, technical, and soft skills gaps in Arkansas.
3. Analyze the effectiveness of currently used job readiness standards and ensure coordination between the Arkansas Career Readiness Certificate program and the Workforce Alliance for Growth in the Economy (WAGE) program.

PY 2016 – PY 2019 Combined State Plan can be found at http://dws.arkansas.gov/wioa.htm

II. State Policy and Guidance.
State policy can be found at http://dws.arkansas.gov/wioa.htm

III. Labor Market and Workforce Information.

A. Discover Arkansas
Labor Market Information Portal Arkansas Labor Market Information (LMI) is posted online using the Discover Arkansas web portal located at www.discoverarkansas.net and is available to the public.

B. Arkansas State Plan Economic and Workforce Analysis
The Arkansas Combined State Plan includes an analysis of the current workforce. The data provided in Section II of the state plan under strategic elements may be very helpful to local boards in conducting a local area and regional economic and workforce analysis. To provide local workforce boards in the state with tools for development planning in their own areas, data were downloaded and prepared from the Arkansas Department of Workforce Services Labor Market Information (LMI) website, http://www.discoverarkansas.net. These data were then turned into interactive visualizations, which are available at the following websites. These visualizations can be downloaded as an image or in PDF format. The goal is to help stakeholders at the state and local level better understand future industry and occupational needs and to provide workforce development boards with the tools needed to better serve their areas. The data available at http://arkansasresearchcenter.org/arc/index.php?cID=153 includes:

- Industries in 2012
- Job Growth in 2022
- Projected Job Growth by Workforce Development Area
- Projected Job Growth by Industry
- Percent Workforce in 2022

These data demonstrate the current makeup of the workforce by major industry, as well as projections of the number of jobs these industries will need in 2022. To the right of the visualizations are "filters" to help explore the data choosing multiple regions to compare, such as United States vs Arkansas, Arkansas vs. workforce region, or directly compare regions. The data available at http://arkansasresearchcenter.org/arc/index.php?cID=154 includes:

- Arkansas Occupations, Current and 2022 Projections, which includes data visualizations concerning occupations in Arkansas, both currently and projections for 2022. Occupations are listed by their Standard Occupation Code (SOC) title. The SOC system is hierarchical. SOC Major codes are the top-level occupational areas,
such as "Construction and Extraction Occupations." At the next level would be SOC Minor, one of which for the above would be "Construction Trades Workers." Finally, there is SOC Detail, such as “Stonemasons” or “Carpenters.” This web tool allows users to manipulate the data by indicating the level of detail desired.

IV. PY 2016 Performance Targets Template. (*state negotiated*)

V. Other Resources.

- TEGL 37-14; Update on Complying with Nondiscrimination Requirements: Discrimination Based on Gender Identity, Gender Expression and Sex Stereotyping are Prohibited Forms of Sex Discrimination in the Workforce Development System; May 29, 2015
- Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)